Cambria Freeman.

M. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." Terms, $2 per year, in advance.

VOLUME IX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1875. NUMBER 3.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

Owing to the great scarcity of money and the long continued neglect of many of my customers to pay up their indebtedness for the past year and more, I am compelled to adopt

ANOTHER SYSTEM

of doing business. Very many of my customers have allowed their accounts to run for such an unreasonable length of time as a great loss to me, without any benefit to themselves, has been the result. Hence it is that I find it

Impossible to Continue the Credit System

and at the same time keep up my stock and meet my obligations promptly.

I am sincerely thankful for the liberal patronage that has been extended to me, and now earnestly ask one and all who are indebted to me, no matter how large or how small the amount, to call and settle, either by cash or note,

BEFORE THE 1ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1875,

as I need and must have money. Believing as I do from past experience (which I have paid well for) that it will be better for me as well as for my customers to adopt the ready-pay system,

I WILL NOT,

After the FIRST of JANUARY NEXT,

SELL ANY GOODS ON CREDIT.

I am fully convinced that in three cases out of four persons buying goods never find it more convenient time to pay than when they make their purchases, and as an inducement to my customers to buy for cash or in exchange for country produce, I will, after the above date,

KNOCK OFF ONE-HALF the PROFIT

heretofore realized in this place on goods of the same class.

Hoping that my old customers will take no offense at the new mode of doing business I am about to adopt, but will continue to favor me with their patronage on a strictly cash basis, which they will be sure to find the very best for all concerned, I pledge myself to mark my goods down to the lowest cash rates.

ONE PRICE TO ALL!

COMPETITION DEFIED!

IN GOODS AS WELL AS PRICES.

George Huntley,

DEALER IN

Stoves, Hardware, Tinware, Groceries, Paints, Oils, &c., &c.,

EBENSBURG, PA.

U. S. Manufacturers and others who sometimes find it necessary to send orders for goods through their employes, can make special arrangements, with the understanding that their discounts will be paid in full at the end of each month. [Dec. 11, 1874.]

LITTLE CONFAB

—ABOUT THE—

Singer Sewing Machine

And Where to Buy It.

COUNTRYMAN—See here, neighbor, can you tell me where I can buy the sewing machine people talk so much about?

CITIZEN OF EBENSBURG—Yes, with pleasure. I presume it is the Singer Sewing Machine that you mean.

C.—Yes, that's the name of it.

C. or E.—Well, just down there, two doors east of Zahm's store, is the place, and my word for it you will be well pleased with your purchase if you get it in one of these machines. Messrs. BAILEY & CO., the agents, have now on hand all styles and sizes of these indispensable machines, from the cheapest to the most valuable, and are accommodating gentlemen who will be pleased to show you the ins and outs of their various machines, whether you desire to buy or not. They also keep thread, needles and all the other paraphrenalia of a sewing machine, and are at all times prepared to attend to the repairing of machines in a substantial and satisfactory manner, and at very moderate rates. Don't forget the place—High street, two doors east of Zahm's store, Ebensburg [4-24.-tf.]

A CARD.

EBENSBURG WOOLEN FACTORY.

Interested parties have been reporting in the northern part of this county that our rates for manufacturing Woolen Goods, &c., were much higher than they really are we deem it necessary for our own protection and for information of the public to publish the following

LIST OF PRICES.

Blankets.....$3.50 per pair.
Flannels.....30 and 35 cts. per yard.
Cassimeres.....50 cts. per yard.
Satinetts.....50 cts. per yard.
Carding and Spinning.....20 cts. per lb.
Weaving.....7 " "

T. M. JONES & SONS,
Nov. 18, 1873.-tf. Ebensburg Woolen Factory.

W. YEAGER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers of

COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

AND DEALERS IN

Heating, Parlor and Cooking Stoves,

No. 1402 Eleventh Avenue,

Altoona, Pa.

ROOFING and SPOUTING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to, and polite attention accorded to all whether they purchase or not.

Altoona, Sept. 5, 1873.-tf.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of BERNARD MULLIN, late of Summerhill township, Cambria county, having been issued to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said estate must be paid forthwith, and all claims against the same should be presented duly authenticated for settlement.

Dec. 3.-6t. FRANCIS MULLIN, Adm'r.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption**, cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs**, the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis**, when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

THE BEST Prairie Lands

—IN—

IOWA AND NEBRASKA

FOR SALE BY THE

BURLINGTON & MISSOURI RIVER R. R. CO.

On Ten Years' Credit and 6 per cent. Interest.

One Million Acres in Iowa & Southern Nebraska.

The finest country in the world to combine farming and Stock Raising. The Soil is rich and easily cultivated; Climate warm; Seasons long; Taxes low, and no Exemption Laws. No Payments required on principal till FIFTH year, and then only ONE-SEVENTH EACH YEAR UNTIL PAID.

Land Exploring Tickets

Sold at important stations on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Rail Road, and cost of same refunded when land is bought.

Half Fare to families of purchasers, and LOW FREIGHTS on household goods and farm stock.

Twenty per cent. premium for cultivation.

Large Discounts for Cash within one, two and three years.

Products will pay for Land and Improvements long before the Principal becomes due.

"The so-called destitution in Nebraska lies in the far western region, beyond the lands of the B. & M. R. R. Co."

☞For circulars that will describe fully these lands, and the terms of sale, apply to or address,

CHAS. E. PERKINS, Gen'l Land Commissioner,
[12-25-3m.] Burlington, Iowa, for Iowa Lands, or Lincoln, Neb., for Nebraska Lands.

TEAS—The choicest in the world.—Importers' prices. Largest Company in America—staple article—pleases everybody—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducements—don't waste time—send for Circular to ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey St., N. Y., P. O. Box 1287.

WANTED, AGENTS for the "LIFE AND EXPLORATIONS OF DR. LIVINGSTONE." Complete, authentic: a fresh book. Price suited to the times. Address B. B. RUSSELL, Publisher, Boston, Mass.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address GEO. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their own locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars Free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

500 AGENTS WANTED immediately, to sell very desirable NEW PATENT articles for housekeepers and others. G. J. CAPEWELL, Cheshire, Ct.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co.

conduct an Agency for the reception of advertisements for American NEWSPAPERS—the most complete establishment of the kind in the world. Six thousand NEWSPAPERS are kept constantly on file, open to inspection by customers. Every **Advertisement** is taken at the home price of the paper, without any additional charge or commission. An advertiser, in dealing with the Agency, is saved trouble and correspondence, making one contract instead of a dozen, a hundred or a thousand. A **Book** of eighty pages, containing lists of best papers, largest circulations, religious, agricultural, class, political, daily and country papers, and all publications which are specially valuable to advertisers, with some information about prices, is sent **FREE** to any address on application. Persons at a distance wishing to make contracts for advertising in any town, city, county, State or Territory of the United States, or any portion of the Dominion of Canada, may send a concise statement of what they want, together with a copy of the **Advertisement** they desire inserted, and will receive information by return mail which will enable them to decide whether to increase or reduce the order. For such information there is no charge. Orders are taken for a single paper as well as for a list; for a single dollar as readily as for a larger sum. Offices (Times Building),

41 Park Row, N. Y.

GEO. L. PEABODY & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SEEDS, GRAIN, FLOUR, &c., &c.,

325 Liberty Street,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

[1-15.-2m.]

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of JOHN O'CONNELL, dec'd. Letters testamentary on the estate of John O'Connell, late of Cambria township, Cambria county, Penn'a, deceased, have been issued to the undersigned, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay, Jan 15.-3t.* WM. O'CONNELL, Executor.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.* and *Al. Vend. Expon.*, issued out of Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on TUESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF FEBRUARY next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Wm. Griffith, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Philip Hopfer, Michael F. Hammers, and others, containing 50 acres, more or less, about 10 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story plank house, store room, frame stable, water saw mill, and shook shop, now in the occupancy of Wm. Griffith. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of G. W. Reed & Co.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John Funk, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Samuel Paul, Daniel Paul, and John Dunmyer, containing 40 acres, more or less, about 15 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame stable, not now occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Johnstown Mechanical Works.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Theodore M. Apple, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Gilligan Holien, B. F. Bell, Hon. John Dean, and others, containing 1057 acres, more or less, about 65 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house, frame stable, and two log cabins, now in the occupancy of T. M. Apple, and a two story plank house and water saw mill, in the occupancy of A. D. Flanagan. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Joseph Van Ormer.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Mrs. Anna Murphy, now intermarried with James McCartney, of, in and to two lots of ground situate at Lilly's station, Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Pa. R. R. and adjoining lots of Susan Hage, David Wilhelm, and Stephed Robine, having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Mrs. McMcCartney, and a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of James Brawley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Thos. R. Kerr.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Isaac Burket, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Isaac Burket. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Samuel Fienner.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of George W. Adams, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Martin & Co., having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story plank house, now in the occupancy of George W. Adams. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Samuel Fienner.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of the Deed. HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Jan. 18, 1875.

ORDINANCE of the Borough of Carrolltown, Cambria County, Pa.—Be it enacted and ordained by the Council and Burgess of the Borough of Carrolltown, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That a Weigh Scales should and must be erected for the use of Carrolltown Borough, the same to be procured by the Council and Burgess and to be paid for out of the Borough funds. The Scales are to weigh five tons or more and as low as one pound, and are to be erected in the middle of the town, on Main street.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the Weighmaster to weigh all hay, coal or live stock, or such other articles or things as may be presented for that purpose at the Weigh Scales of the Borough, and to furnish a properly numbered certificate of the quantity in weight or bushels of the article or thing weighed to the party having the same weighed, and when the name of the purchaser can be ascertained, his name shall be inserted in the certificate.

SECTION 2. No person shall be permitted to sell or deliver any hay, straw or coal within the limits of the Borough, on cart, wagon, sled, or other vehicle, until the same shall have been first weighed upon the Borough Scales and the number of pounds or bushels, as the case may be, duly ascertained by the Weighmaster; and if any person shall sell or receive payment for any load of coal, hay or straw not so weighed, and the weight or number of bushels thereof so ascertained, or before receiving a certificate thereof from the Weighmaster, or, having received such certificate, shall sell or receive payment for such load or part thereof without delivering the certificate to the purchaser, such person shall be subject to a fine of not less than one nor more than ten dollars for each offense.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Weighmaster to keep the Borough Scales in good order. If mud, dirt, or other extraneous substances shall adhere to any vehicle weighed, it shall be his duty to make a suitable deduction on account thereof, as also for any undue moisture on hay or other articles weighed. If any person shall present or make use of a false certificate, or of one issued on some other load than that on which it is fraudulently used, he shall pay a fine of not less than five nor more than twenty dollars.

SECTION 4. The following shall be the rates of charges by the Weighmaster:

For a load of Coal drawn by one horse		10 cts.
" " " "	two horses.	15 "
" " " more than "	"	20 "
Live Stock, 1,000 lbs. or less		20 "
" " 1,000 to 4,000 lbs		25 "
" " more than 4,000 lbs		50 "
Hay and Straw, 1,000 lbs. or more		25 "
" " " less than 1,000 lbs		20 "

SECTION 5. All fines that may be imposed and collected for a violation of this Ordinance shall be paid over to the Borough Treasurer, and are to be used and applied as Borough taxes.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office, at Carrolltown, this 1st day of August, A. D. 1874.

JOHN BUCK, Burgess.

Attest—E. L. BINDER, Clerk. [1-29.-3t.]

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.*, issued out of the District Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Opera House, Johnstown, on TUESDAY, 16TH DAY OF FEBRUARY next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Thomas A. Carroll, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Fourth Ward of Johnstown, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Bedford street on the north, and adjoining lot of John Carroll on the east and lot of George Carroll on the west and the Feeder on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of Daniel Shoop. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of William Young.

ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Daniel Fulton, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Borough of Conemaugh, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Locust street, and adjoining lot of Charles Litzinger on the one side and lot of Frederick Riffweiger on the other side, and extending back to the Frankstown road, having thereon erected a two story plank house and a plank stable, now in the occupancy of David Fulton. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Geo. Maben.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds at the confirmation of the Deed.

HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Johnstown, Jan. 18, 1875.

STEAM TANNERY FOR SALE.—Following is a description of a Steam Tannery and Real Estate located in Ebensburg, Cambria County, Pa., which are offered for sale on the most liberal terms: The property consists of **2 Acres of Land**, on which is erected a **TWO STORY BUILDING**, 40 by 50, and a **ONE STORY BUILDING**, 20 by 80, 18 Vats, 6 Leaches, 1 large Leach Tank, 2 Limes, 1 Handler, 2 Bates, 1 good Engine of 10-horse power, 1 Bark Mill, 1 Machine for rolling leather, and other fixtures. The establishment has a capacity for tanning 5,000 hides per year, and has advantages in the way of low prices for bark, convenience to railroad and market, etc. This is a rare chance for a tanner with a small capital. For terms, etc., apply to

JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,
Nov. 20, 1874.-tf. Ebensburg, Pa.

SPLENDID TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A very elegant and commodious residence in Ebensburg borough will be sold on reasonable terms. The House is brick and contains 12 rooms, 8 feet halls and basement washhouse, besides a good cellar divided into two apartments. The Lot is 126x264 feet and is well set with all kinds of fruits and shrubbery. Large Stable, Ice House, and three Buildings used as law offices. This property is desirable for a large family, or with very little improvement would make a first class hotel or summer boarding house.

JNO. E. SCANLAN, Agent.

Ebensburg, Aug. 21, 1874.-tf.

J. GALLITZIN LAKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Register and Recorder, in Court House.

[ORIGINAL.]

The History of the Weeping Willow.

Two willows pointed Heaven with fingers straight,
Long years ago, each side a churchyard gate,
And meeting o'er its top in close embrace,
Formed by their shade an oft-sought resting place.

Here, wearied with their long and toiling walk,
Would groups of young and old still pause to talk,
And wait the ringing of the welcome bell
That of the Sacrifice so great would tell.

Here, Mass being ended, they again would meet,
Their pastor loved and reverenced to greet,
Whose kind inquiries, sympathizing air,
Lightened their humble hearts of many a care.

And so the trees became well loved, but still
The old man noted that the tender thrill
Of birds of gentlest fame, the robin and the dove,
Was oftenest heard from branches green above

Of that one standing by the church's door,
Whilst humming birds and such like loved the other more.
Many the feet that trod their emerald shade
And just beyond them many to rest were laid.

A magpie, so the legend goes, one day
Behind the altar stowed himself away,
And from its sacred hiding place forth drew
The CHALICE, and outward from the window flew—

Outward to the willow's twisted top,
And there securely let the treasure drop;
The good priest searched, in trouble sadly sore.
The little chapel vainly o'er and o'er.

For many days his people eager joined,
Sharing their pastor's trouble, but despond
At length fell deeply on the busiest few,
For seeking still no tidings of it drew.

One day in saddest thought the willow trees beside,
The priest upraised his gentle eyes to them and Heaven and sighed:
"O, willows! would my God impart to you a soothing speech
To whisper of the missing Ark my soul so fain would reach.

"How often have your branches waved, unconscious, over grief,
Unnoted care and weariness, that was with me beneath.
I've walked your shade in loneliness, 'mid shadows of distress,
But, ah! that other hands should now so sinfully possess
The vessel sacred as His own my God forever blessed.

A murmuring as of human tones, of counsel and dissent,
And, lo! before his wondering eyes the branches twain were rent;
One faithful tree—the dove's resort—bent lowly to his side,
Bearing the precious chalice down the other strove to hide.

And thus, the story olden says, was found the cup again,
But never more could rise the boughs that wished it to remain,
And whilst its brother upward points to Heaven, as in prayer,
Beside the churchyard gate it stands, low drooping in despair.

B. A. T.

LORETTO, Jan. 20, 1875.

BILL SMILEY AND THE WIDOW.

"Wife," said Edward Wilbur, one morning, as he sat stirring his coffee with one hand and holding a plump baby on his knee with the other, and looking across the table into the bright eyes of his little wife, "would it not be a good joke to get bachelor Bill Smiley to take the Widow Watson to Barnum's show next week?"

"You can't do it, Ed., he won't ask her; he's so awful shy. Why, he came by here the other morning when I was hanging out the clothes and he looked over the fence and spoke, but when I shook out a nightgown, he blushed like a girl and went away."

"I think I can manage it," said Ed.; "but I'll have to lie just a little. But then it won't be much harm under the circumstances, for I know she likes him, and he don't dislike her; but, as you say, he's so shy, I'll just go over to his place to borrow some bags of him, and if I don't bag him before I come back, kiss me for a week, Nelly."

So saying Ed. started, and while he is mowing the field, we will take a look at Bill Smiley. He was rather a good looking fellow, though his hair and whiskers showed some gray hairs and he had got in a set of artificial teeth. But every one said he was a good soul, and so he was. He had as good a hundred acre farm as any in Norwich, and everything comfortable, and if he wanted a wife, many a girl would have jumped at the chance, like a rooster on a grasshopper. But Bill was so bashful—always was—and when Susan Berrybottle, whom he was so sweet on, though he never said "boo!" to her, got married to old Watson, he just drawed in his head, like a mud turtle into his shell, and there was no getting it out again, though it had been noticed that since Susan had become a widow he had paid more attention to his clothes and had been very regular in attendance at the church the widow attended.

But here comes Ed. Wilbur.

"Good morning, Mr. Smiley."

"Good morning, Mr. Wilbur; what is the news your way?"

"Oh nothing particular that I know of," said Ed., "only Barnum's show that everybody is talking about; and everybody and his girl is going, too. I was over to old Sackrider's last night, and I see his son has got a new buggy, and was scrubbing his harness; and he's got that white faced colt of his slick as a seal. I understood he thinks of taking widow Watson to the show. He has been hanging around there a good deal of late, but I'd just like to cut him out, I would. Susan is a nice little woman, and deserves a better man than that young pup of a fellow, though I would not blame her much either if she takes him, for she must be dreadful lonesome, and she has to let her farm out on shares, and it isn't half worked and no one else seems to have the spunk to speak up to her. By jingo! if I was a single man I'd show you a thing or two."

So saying, Ed. borrowed some bags and started around the corner of the barn where he had left Bill sweeping, and put his ear to a knot-hole and listened, knowing the bachelor had a habit of talking to himself when anything worried him.

"Confound that young Sackrider!" said Bill, "what business has he there, I'd like to know? Got a new buggy, has he? Well, so have I, and a new harness too; and his horse can't get in sight of mine, and I declare I have half a mind to—yes, I will; I'll go this very night and ask her to go to the show with me. I'll show Ed. Wilbur that I ain't half such a calf as he thinks I am, if I did let old Watson get the start of me in the first place."

Ed. could scarce help laughing outright, but he hastily hitched the bags on his shoulder, and with a few chuckles of success, started home to tell the news to Nelly; and about five o'clock that evening they saw Billy go by with his horse and buggy on his way to the widow's. He jogged along quietly, thinking of the old singing-school days, and what a pretty girl Susan was then, and wondering inwardly if he would have the courage to talk up to her, until at about a mile from her house, when he came to a bridge over a creek, and it so happened that just as he reached the middle of the bridge he gave a tremendous sneeze, and blew his teeth out of his mouth, clear over the dashboard, and striking on the planks, they rolled over the side of the bridge off into the water.

Words cannot do justice to poor Bill, or paint the expression of his face as he sat there, completely dumbfouded at his startling piece of ill luck. After a while he stepped out of his buggy, and getting down on his hands and knees, looked over into the water; yes, there they were in the bottom, with a crowd of little fishes rubbing their noses against them, and Bill wished that his nose was as close for a second. His beautiful teeth that cost him so much, and the show coming on and no time to get another set, and the widow and young Sackrider. Well, he must try to get them somehow and no time to lose, for some one might come along and ask him what he was fooling around there for. He had no notion of spoiling his good clothes by wading in with them on, and besides he could not go to the widow's that night; so he took a look up and down the road to see that no one was in sight, then quickly undressed himself, leaving his clothes in the buggy to keep clean. Then he ran around to the bank and waded into the almost ice cold water, but his teeth did not chatter in his head, he only wished they could. Quietly he waded along so as not to stir up the mud, and when he got to the right spot he dropped under the water, and came up with them in his hand and replaced them in his mouth. But hark! what noise is that? A wagon followed by a little noisy dog barking with all his might, and his horse is starting.

"Whoa! whoa! Stop, you brute you, stop!" But stop he would not, but went on at a spanking pace, with the unfortunate bachelor after him, and the little dog yelping after the bachelor. Bill was certainly in capital costume, but though he strained every nerve he could not touch the buggy or reach the lines that were dragging on the ground.

After a while his plug hat shot off the seat, and the hind wheel went over it, making it as flat as a pancake. Bill snatched it as he ran, and after jamming his fist into it, stuck it all dirty and dimpled on his head. And now he saw the widow's house on the hill, and what, oh, what will he do? Then his coat fell out, he slapped it on, and then making a desperate splurt, he grasped the back of the seat, scrambled in, and pulling the buffalo robe over his legs, stuffed the other things beneath.—Now the horse happened to be one he got from 'Squire Moore, and he got it from the widow, and he took it into his head to stop at the gate, which Bill had no power to prevent, as he had no possession of the reins, besides he was too busy buttoning his coat up to his chin to think of doing much else. The widow heard the rattle of the wheels and looked out and seeing it was Smiley and that he didn't offer to get out, she went out to see what was wanted, and there she stood chatting with her arms on the gate, and her face right towards him, while the cold chills ran down his shirtless back clear to his bare feet under the buffalo robe, and the water from his hair and the dust from his hat combined to make nice little streams of mud that came trickling down his face. She asked him to come in.

"No; I'm in a great hurry," he said.

Still he did not offer to go. He did not like to ask her to pick up the reins for him, because he did not know what excuse to make for not doing it himself. Then he looked down the road behind him, and he saw a white-faced horse coming, and at once surmised it was Gus. Sackrider.

He at once resolved to do or die, and hurriedly told his errand. The widow would be delighted to go, of course she would. But would n't he come in? No, he was in a hurry, he said—he had to go to Mr. Green's place.

"Oh," said the widow, "you're going to Green's, are you? Why, I was just going there myself, to get one of the girls to help me quilt. Just wait a second and I'll ride with you." And away she skipped.

"Thunder and lightning!" said Bill, "what a scrape!" and he hastily clutched his pants from between his feet, and was preparing to wiggle into them, when a light wagon, drawn by a white-faced horse, driven by a boy, came along and stopped beside him. The boy held up a pair of boots in one hand, and a pair of socks in the other, and just as the widow reached the gate again, he said:

"Here's your boots and socks, Mr. Smiley, that you left on the bridge while you was in swimming."

"You're mistaken," said Bill; "they're not mine."

"Why," said the boy, "ain't you the man that had a race after a horse just now?"

"No, sir; I am not? You had better go on about your business."

Bill sighed at the loss of his good Sunday boots and turning to the widow said:

"Just pick up the lines, will you, please; this brute of a horse is forever switching them out of my hands." The widow complied, and then he pulled one corner of the robe cautiously down, and she got in.

"What a lovely evening," said she, "and so warm I don't think we need the robe over us, do we?"

(You see she had on a nice dress, and a new pair of gaiters, and she wanted to show them.)

"Oh, my," said Bill earnestly, "you'll find it chilly riding, and I wouldn't have you catch cold for the world." (He was only blowing.)

She seemed pleased at his tender care for her health, and contented herself with sticking one of her little feet out, with a long silken necktie over the end of it.

"What is that, Mr. Smiley? A necktie?"

"Yes," said he; "I bought it the other day, and I must have left it in the buggy. Never mind it."

"But," she said, "it was so careless;" "and stooping over he picked it up," and made a motion as if to stuff it in between them.

Bill felt her hand going down, and making a sudden dive after it, clutched it firmly in his hand and held it hard and fast.

They then went on quite a distance, he still holding her hand and she wondering why he did not say something to her as well as squeeze her hand, and why his coat was buttoned up so tightly on such a warm evening, and what made his hat and face so dirty, until one of the traces came unhitched, and they had to stop.

"Oh, murder!" said Bill, "what next?"

"What is the matter, Mr. Smiley?" said the widow, with a start that came very near jerking the robe off his knees.

"One of the traces has come off?" said he.

"Well, why don't you get out and put it on?"

"I can't," said Bill, "I've got—that is, I haven't got—oh, dear, I'm so sick. What shall I do?"

"Why, Willie," said she, tenderly, "what is the matter? Do tell me," and she gave his hand a little squeeze, and looking into his pale face, she thought he was going to faint; so she got out her smelling bottle with her left hand, and pulling the stopper out with her teeth, she stuck it up to his nose.

Bill was just taking in a breath for a mighty sigh, and the pungent odor made him throw back his head so far that he lost his balance, and went over the low backed buggy. The little woman gave a little scream as his bare feet flew past her head; and covering her face with her hands, gave way to smiles or tears—it is hard to tell which. Bill was "right side up" in a moment, and was leaning over the back of the seat humbly apologizing, when Ed. Wilbur, with his wife and babe, drove up behind and stopped. Poor Bill felt that he would rather have been shot than to have Ed. Wilbur catch him in such a scrape, but there was no help for it now, so he called Ed. to him and whispered in his ear.

Ed. was like to burst with suppressed laughter, but beckoned to his wife to draw up, and, after saying something to her, he helped the widow out of Will's buggy into his, and the two women went on, leaving the men behind.

Bill lost no time in arranging his toilet as well as he could, and then with great persuasion Ed. got him to go home with him, and hunting up slippers and socks and getting washed and combed, had him quite presentable when the ladies arrived. I need not tell how the story was wormed out of bashful Bill and how they all laughed as they sat around the tea table that night, but will conclude by saying that they went to the show together, and Bill has no fear of Gus. Sackrider now.

"WOULD my little Ezra," asked a fond mother, "like to be a missionary, and go preach to the suffering heathen?" Tears—bright pearly drops of feeling—glistened in little Ezra's eyes as he murmured: "No, I wouldn't; but I'd like to be on the perlice long enough to put a tin roof on the big lummux that stuck shoemaker's wax on my seat to-day at school."

GARDEN PATCHES.—One of Boston's best known merchants, noted for his penetration and shrewdness, had a test case presented a short time since and came off victorious. As it is an illustration of this millionaire's penetration in great business affairs, we give the story here.

It appears that the merchant wanted another gardener upon his country estate near Boston, and an individual presented himself for that office.

"Understand the business?"

"Yes, been in it for years."

Whom had he lived with last? The applicant mentioned a gentleman the merchant was well acquainted with, stated that he left for no fault, but that his former employer was going to Europe, had sold his estate, and had no further use for him.

"What wages do you expect?"

"Eighteen dollars a month."

This was astonishingly low for such a promising looking, sober, man and the shrewd business man rubbed his chin thoughtfully and reflected that it was a bargain lot, but "wasn't there something wrong about it?" His habitual business caution even in this comparatively trifling negotiation did not forsake him.

"Call to-morrow at this time, and I will have seen Mr.———, your former employer, and give you an answer."

The gardener turned and began to walk slowly away; as he did so, he displayed two patches on the seat of his pantaloons beneath the line of his roundabout jacket.

"Hallo! here! come back here," called the merchant, "you needn't apply to-morrow; I see I shan't want you."

The astonished applicant stammered out something about the knowledge of gardening and good character, but was cut short by this particular observer.

"Don't want you, sir, the patches on your breeches are on the wrong side; a gardener's breeches ought to be patched at the knees, not at the seat. You won't do for me."

AN AWFUL LIAR.—He didn't look like a liar. He had, in fact, a George Washington sort of face, and his enunciation was loudly honest and decidedly nasal. He sat roasting his alternate sides in front of a red-hot saloon stove amid a party of bummers who were trying to out-lie each other.

"Talkin' about lightnin'," said he, "I recken none o' you lazzaroni was ever struck, was you? No! Well, I was. You see I was out shootin' prarie chickens in Eelinoy, last August, and there came up the awfulest thunder storm I ever see in the whole course of my life. It rained cats and dogs, and the thunder rolled and the forked lightning darted all over the sky like fiery tongues. I got behind a haystack that sort o' leaned over to the south, and the first thing I knowed the lightnin' struck that and set it on fire. Then I moved to a walnut tree that stood near, and a double jinted bolt ripped that into splinters. I moved to another tree and the lightnin' struck it. Then I began to think it meant me, and so I jest walked out, humped myself up, and took three or four of the d—dest claps I ever heerd. It shuk me up right smart, but beyond rippin' the coat offen my back and splittin' one of my boots from top to toe, it didn't do me much damage. But you don't find old Jim around hunting a row of that kind again."

The discomfitted bummers looked curiously into each other's faces a moment, and then, one by one, silently rose and sneaked out, leaving truthful James the master of the field.

ONE of our merchants recently sold a block of matches to a woman, who, on reaching her home, could not make them burn. In a towering passion, which increased all the way back, she returned and demanded: "Why did you cheat me with those matches?" "Matches," responded the grocer pleasantly—he always wears a smile for his customers—"what is the trouble with the matches?" "They won't burn, not one of them," was the quick and angry response. "Let us see," replied the gentleman, applying the charged ends to his pantaloons and causing them to burn instanter; "that burns well enough." "But the rest won't," replied the woman, who began to fear that she had walked seven miles and was to return seven more on foot and had got angry for nothing. The grocer opened three bunches and proved them all the same. "I don't want to burn up all your matches," he said, "but there is not one that will not burn the same way." Chagrined she stared at him with tiger eyes, and, not to be beaten, burst out, "If they will, you don't s'pose every time I want a fire I'm coming all this way to rub them on the seat of your trousers, do you?"

THE following is intended for those who wish to exercise their mathematical bump. It is said to be a hard nut to crack: In one of the smaller New England towns, an agent was appointed to sell alcoholic liquors at a salary of twenty-five dollars per annum; he was furnished with a stock of liquors valued at $57.54, and with $82.19 in cash to commence business; during the year he purchased liquors to the amount of $59.91, and received for liquors sold, $102.98. At the end of the year he had liquors on hand valued at $31.37. Did he owe the town or did the town owe him? and how much?

THE hardest thing to deal with—An old pack of cards.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Friday Morning, - - - Feb. 5, 1875.

We have received the WORLD Almanac for 1875. It is a most valuable manual, its election returns and general information being unusually full and accurate.

THE Secretary of War has sent to the House of Representatives the reports of the Quartermaster General and Commissary General of Subsistence, from which it appears that the cost to these departments of the Modoc war amounted to four hundred and eleven thousand dollars. We suppose that this is only a tithe of the whole sum which it cost the government to overawe Captain Jack and his ragged "banditti" of the Oregon lava beds into submission.

THE mortality among the members elect of the Pennsylvania Legislature is almost equalled by that of the Congressmen elected in November. A little more than ten weeks have elapsed since the bulk of the Representatives in the next Congress were elected, and already three of them have died. John W. Head, Democrat, of Tennessee, passed from the scene suddenly a few days after his success was announced. Two weeks ago Garnett McMillan, Democrat, of Georgia, died suddenly. Last week was announced the unexpected death of Augustus F. Allen, of the Thirty-third District of New York.

WE were in error last week in stating that Carpenter, of Wisconsin, had been re-elected to the U. S. Senate. Although nominated by the Republican caucus, his election still hangs fire in the Legislature. Of course no Democratic member will touch him, and the Republicans themselves must untie the Gordian knot, if they can. Precisely the same state of things exists in the Minnesota Legislature, about twenty radical refusing to vote for the re-election of Ramsey, the Republican nominee. In West Virginia the Democratic majority for several days past have been patiently trying to select a candidate from among half a dozen unknown and obscure men, but thus far without success.

P. S. On the eleventh ballot, taken on Wednesday morning, Carpenter was defeated by Hon. Angus Cameron, the vote standing: Cameron 68, Carpenter 59, Hazleton 3, Clark 1.

A FIRST class row occurred in the House at Harrisburg during last Monday night's session, growing out of the refusal of Mr. Wolfe, a Republican member, to take his seat when repeatedly ordered to do so by the Speaker, who decided that Wolfe was out of order. On Tuesday the difficulty was discussed *pro* and *con*, Wolfe and his friends attempting to have the journal corrected, which was successfully resisted by the Democrats. The matter was again before the House on Wednesday without final settlement, Wolfe in the meantime being in the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms. The whole affair was highly disgraceful, and if it is true as alleged that pistols were drawn on Monday night on the floor of the House, the members who thus outraged every rule of decency and propriety ought to be dealt with without fear, favor or affection.

P. S. Since the above was in type, the House has adopted a resolution censuring Mr. Wolfe for conduct unbecoming a member of that body

AMONG the list of delegates from Philadelphia to the next Democratic State Convention we find the names of William McMullen, Lewis C. Cassiday and William V. McGrath. It is a notorious fact that these three men, with others of the same stripe, while ostensibly acting with the Democratic party, are its most insidious enemies and as a general rule exert their influence to secure the defeat of its candidates. To send them to a convention to nominate a candidate for Governor, with the almost absolute certainty that they will oppose his election, is an insult to the Democracy of the State. They belong to William B. Mann's political household and have no sympathy with, nor are they recognized by, the genuine Democracy of Philadelphia. Sam Josephs trains with this guerilla crowd, and it would have been in accordance with the "fitness of things" if the virtuous Samuel had been elected as one of their colleagues. The Democracy of Philadelphia must rid themselves of this piratical crew if they wish to maintain the integrity of their organization and preserve the respect of their political brethren throughout the State.

A JOINT RESOLUTION passed both branches of the Legislature last Friday, fixing the 18th of March as the day for final adjournment. This resolution would have been all right and entirely acceptable to the people were it not that it has a rail to it in the following words, "to meet in adjourned annual session on the first Tuesday of January, 1876." Under a clause in the new constitution it is in the power of the Legislature to provide for holding these "adjourned annual sessions" until 1878, but not afterwards. If so important a resolution as this gave rise to any debate in either of the two branches, as it is natural to suppose it should, the report of their proceedings utterly fails to show it, and it would seem to have been adopted without discussion. To hold an adjourned session next January was not what the people bargained for when they adopted the new constitution. What valid reason can be assigned for it? None that we can possibly imagine. If the Legislature cannot finish its business by the 18th of March, which the adoption of this resolution admits, the people would infinitely prefer that it should remain in session until the 18th of April rather than that it should meet again next January. The movement is unwise and without necessity. The Democrats of the House seem to be sadly in want of a leader. The mover of the resolution was the Republican manager of the House, and it is surprising how gracefully the Democrats danced to his music.

THE radical press is manifesting a fearful amount of alarm from the fact that the next Congress will contain eighty-five Southern members, a large number of whom were officers in the rebel army, while most of the others held civil offices under the Confederate government. If the Southern people, instead of electing these white rebels, had only elected eighty-five ignorant and incompetent "American citizens of African descent," the beauties of radical reconstruction would have been demonstrated, and in the cant phrase of the day, Southern *loyalty* would have been fully vindicated. The people of the South were a unit in favor of the Confederacy, and there are now three classes of people in that section out of which Congress must be chosen. These are the native white men of the South, the negroes, and the thieving and rapacious carpet-baggers; and it is just as natural for the people of the South as it is for the people of the North to confer office on those who stood by them in their greatest hour of need. Nearly all the culture and intelligence of the South is confined to the native white population, and in that class alone, after bitter experience, have men been found who are competent successfully and honestly to administer the affairs of a State, city or county government. No more conclusive proof of the truth of proposition could possibly be furnished than the paesent peaceable and prosperous condition of Virginia, North Carolina and Georgia, when contrasted with the disorderly and corrupt state of affairs that disgrace negro and carpet-bag supremacy in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and South Carolina. Look at the rebel General Gordon, an able and honored Senator from Georgia, and then at the venal unscrupulous carpet-bagger, John J. Patterson, from South Carolina; at Gen. Ransom, of North Carolina, and the corrupt Clayton, of Arkansas; at the eloquent Lamar a member of the House from Mississippi, and at the mendacious Hayes, now from Alabama, but lately from Connecticut. We honor the South for sending her ablest and most competent men, rebels though they were, to Congress. Substantial good and no possible evil will result from it. But why should Grantism be so terribly shocked at the prospect of rebel influence in Congress? Did not Grant appoint Orr, a leading rebel of South Carolina, Minister to Rusia, and did not a radical Senate confirm him? Is not Hughes, a Virginia rebel, Judge of the United States Court, and is not Col. Mosby, from the same State, Grant's confidential friend and the dispenser of his patronage among rebel office-seekers in the old Dominion? General Longstreet was the Marshal Ney of the rebel army, and if all the Northern blood shed by him could be collected in one vast reservoir, he might swim in it; and yet Grant nominated and a radical Senate confirmed him to a high civil office in New Orleans. The radical party must permit the South to select her own candidates for Congress, and as her people are determined to elect her best men as their representatives, they will give a wide berth to negro statesmen and carpet-bag thieves.

THE testimony taken before the Committee of Ways and Means in Congress establishes the fact conclusively that Richard B. Irwin, the agent of the Pacific Mail Company, paid John W. Forney twenty-five thousand dollars in consideration for his editorial and personal influence in procuring an annual subsidy to the company of *half a million* of dollars, for transporting in its vessels the mails from California to China and Japan. Irwin had about eight hundred thousand dollars in ready cash corruptly to buy his subsidy from Congress, and the profuse recklessness with which he paid it out where he thought it would do the most good, is absolutely astounding and without a parallel in the infamous history of the Washington lobby.

John G. Schumaker, for instance, now a Democratic Congressman from Brooklyn, received the magnificent sum of $300,000, and swore (falsely of course) before the committee that he has no recollection whatever of what he did with it. Schumaker's want of memory in reference to a *small* business transaction like this is both convenient and unprecedented.

Forney at first appeared reluctant to pocket the booty, but gracefully yielded to the temptation, just as a nymph of the pave affects a sham resistance to an assault upon her virture. Forney lives, moves and has his being in loud and eloquent professions of patriotism, which Dr. Johnson affirmed was the last refuge of a scoundrel. For the last six months this virtuous representative of the American press in general and of the Philadelphia *Press* in particular has been sojourning in England and associating with her most prominent public men, as the accredited representative of the American Centennial Exhibition. While he has been engaged in that laudable business and writing letters to his *Press* recounting the success of his mission, the stigma of corruption has been branded on his forehead by the testimony taken by the committee in Washington. That incorruptible and high-minded statesman, John Bright, whose guest Forney was, will lay aside the paper with ineffable disgust when he reads of Forney's venality and disgrace. And yet it is not improbable that in Philadelphia Forney's corrupt connection with the Pacific Mail subsidy will soon be forgotten and that on his return to that city he will be the recipient of a grand and enthusiastic ovation for his efforts abroad in behalf of the Centennial. Such is the fashion of honoring distinguished merit and great personal integrity in this model Republic.

Nor would we be surprised to see the oblivious Schumaker re-elected from the city of churches, since Patterson of South Carolina still occupies a seat in the Senate and "subsidy Pomeroy" has thus far baffled justice in Kansas. This Pacific Mail subsidy business is a deep disgrace and scandal to the country and is well calculated to destroy what little faith remained in the honesty and integrity of Congress, which seems to have become a white sepulchre reeking with the most foul and sickening corruption.

A Fearful Fate.

A MOTHER AND HER EIGHT CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH IN THEIR HOME—NARROW ESCAPE OF THE FATHER.

It was a sad sight that yesterday met the gaze of those who, after plodding through the snow from Louis Racicot's residence, stood around the smoking ruins of what was on Sunday night the home of Pierre Dulude and his family of nine. The dwelling, which stood on the second concession back of Boucherville, was about thirty years old, of wood set on a solid stone foundation, and exposed to the full sweep of winds from all points of the compass—that district having been at one time burned over clear of timber, and hence named "Pays Brule." Nothing remarkable was to be seen in the pile of stone, mortar, and burned debris of the dwelling; but a little to the southwest, in the carriage house, was one of the most horrid sights that ever met human gaze. There on two boards, about three feet wide and six feet long, lay fourteen pieces of what was simply roast flesh, all that could be recovered of the remains of Mrs. Dulude and her eight children. An oder of the kitchen pervaded the gloomy shed, and despite the knowledge that those pieces of cinder were human, it was hard to realize the fact. Most of the remains were of nondescript shape, curled, twisted and bound up in black lumps or balls. The mother's remains were barely recognizable. The remains of one of the younger boys (it is thought) are partially perfect, but legs, arms and head are wanting. The remains will be placed in one coffin and buried to-morrow. The names of the victims are as follows: Philomene Desmarteau, thirty-five, mother; Marie Dulude, thirteen; Joseph Dulude, eleven; Ernest Dulude, eight; Florini, seven; Anna, six; Alphonse, five; Telesphore, four; and Horace, the baby, one. Portions of the remains are still buried in the ruins of the chimney, which fell in shortly after the roof was destroyed. Pierre Dulude, the father, the last to retire, went to bed on Sunday night about 12 o'clock, leaving a good fire burning in the large sitting-room stove. He was awakened shortly before 2 A. M. by smoke, and hastily getting up, rushed down stairs to find the carpet (thickly lined with straw) on fire near the stove door; a "holder," or cloth to handle the latch of the stove door, was in a blaze, and is believed to have caught fire from a spark falling through the damper.

Dulude threw the only pail of water in the house on the burning carpet, and then rushed up stairs shouting, "Fire is in the house; get up quick!" When he got down stairs again, he was met by the fire, which had made great headway on all sides, and was fearfully burned on the thighs, back, face, head, and arms in rushing to the door; whether his wife attempted to follow him or not, is disputed. Racicot, who lives near by, says Dulude, after he came to his house, said his wife followed him down stairs with the two youngest children in her arms, but turned back on hearing the others screaming and crying, saying "I'll die with my children,"—and she did. Dulude, after leaving the burning house, shouted, "wait a little, I'll get a ladder." He ran to the barn, five hundred yards away, and through the drifting snow, with nothing on him but his shirt, and brought back a ladder, but, alas! too late, as he raised it up to the chamber windows, and broke the glass over his head, the flames were roaring inside. The agonized father and husband then ran to his nearest neighbor, Louis Racicot's, aroused the latter, and as he entered fell on the floor, exclaiming, "My wife and children are burning; save them!" His shirt, which was on fire, was torn from him, and he, bloody, scorched, and half frozen, was put in a bed, while Racicot ran to the burning house. He called loudly, but the roar of the flames alone answered. He, with some neighbors that collected, then waited till 3 A. M., when the house had burned into the cellar. The tragedy was over. After daylight the search for the remains was prosecuted; and about 1 o'clock Mr. Dulude was carefully wrapped up and carried into Boucherville to his mother's house—*Montreal Witness*, Jan. 26.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, in a letter to *The Nation*, tenders the following plain advice to the conservative members of the Louisiana Legislature in the present crisis of affairs in that State:

"But what is to be done to-day? One thing that I can see, and only one, can be done. Let the conservative legislature of Louisiana give solemn notice to the whole world that they are now subjected by force to a usurpation, every act of which is null and void, and shall be so treated hereafter. Let them publicly declare that so surely as the day of relief comes, every debt contracted by the usurping government shall be repudiated, every tax title issued set aside. Let them in one word publish to the world the existing administration of the state as a fraud, by no act of which will the people of Louisiana be bound, so soon as they are restored to the control of their own affairs. This one solemn notice given, let the conservative legislature hold up its hands in submission and disperse, the rest may be safely left to the people of the whole country. Two years is a short time, when at the expiration of it relief is sure. During that brief time let no conservative of Louisiana go to the polls or enter a legislative hall, the worse their oppression the better. Let them simply submit. They need not fear that a day of reckoning will not come; and then the government of the United States and all public opinion will justify them in treating their present rulers as criminals and each and every of their official acts as absolutely and *ab initio* null and void."

THE $5,000 BOOK.—A despatch from Louisville says the old book relating to certain scandals of the royal family of England, for which a reward of $5,000 has been offered, is in possession of a lawyer of that city. It was imported two years ago, when it was procured from C. D. Casenove, of London, having been bought from some dealer in second-hand books. The *Courier-Journal* of Monday gratifies the curiosity of its readers with copious extracts from the book, from which we learn that it is the "Memoirs of George the Fourth," and contains a history of the scandals of that dissolute monarch, "together with an exposure of the corruptions of his political administration." There seems to be nothing very new about the "scandals;" but the book is said to contain letters and documents proving the marriage of the king and Mrs. Fitzherbert, and the birth of a child in their lawful wedlock. This fact, if true, would sufficiently account for the eagerness with which the destruction of the "Memoir" is sought.

—Since the killing of Mosher and Douglass, and the sensation produced thereby throughout the country, nothing new has been developed in the Ross case. For several days past consultations have been held in Philadelphia regarding the advisability of offering another reward. These on Wednesday culminated in the issuing of a circular, to which is attached the name of Mayor Stokeley, of that city. This is addressed to magistrates and justices of the peace all over the country, and offers a reward of $5,000 for the recovery of little Charley and no questions will be asked. The circular is quite similar to the one issued shortly after the shooting of Mosher and Douglass. The circular urges upon those to whom it is addressed to have caves and other out-of-the-way places in their vicinity searched for the missing boy.

THE Congressional investigating committee in New Orleans have had before them Col. Harry A. Morrow, whom Gen. Sherman has highly commended for trustworthiness. Among other things Col. M. testified: "I have been through Coushatta, Lincoln, Washington and Caddo, and all parishes to the north of Red river, and have never heard any citizens express hostility to the United States. I attribute the uncertain condition of the State, in the first place, to a deep-seated opinion on the part of the people that they have been defrauded of their rights at the elections; secondly, that they feel themselves to have been imposed on by some of the processes of law. There is also a feeling on the part of the people that is more imaginary than real in relation to the negro. They do not regard the black man as exactly entitled to the position that he occupies. For instance, in the parish of Natchitoches a jury of black men, not one of whom could write his name, had sat in a case involving $180,000, that was regarded by both parties as something that was not right. I found elsewhere that there was an opinion that colored men had been placed in positions of more importance than their education entitled them. I talked freely with all classes of people in relation to the negroes, and thinking at that time that the election here had been carried by the Conservatives, I was anxious to know what effect it would have on the condition of the black man, whether the power they had acquired would be used to oppress him or whether he would be allowed to go forward and enjoy privileges guaranteed to him by the general laws of the land and the constitution. With few exceptions I was answered that the negro would have none of his rights taken from him. These rights would be guaranteed him; that there would be no effort to curtail them in any respect. There were exceptions, where it was said that the darkey would have to take a back seat, but as a rule the best class of people (I could name some of them if necessary) expressed the former opinion."

Mr. Zacharie—From your observations throughout the State do you think that if under a free and fair election, Republicans of ordinary ability and honesty were elected would the people submit to officers so elected.

Col. Morrow—I do believe so, for the reason that in Natchitoches parish the sheriff, being a fair man and fairly elected, told me that there was no disposition to interfere with his work.

Mr. Zacharie—Did Conservatives ever claim more than they were entitled to be inducted into offices to which they were elected?

Colonel Morrow—They claimed nothing more.

DEATH OF A SELF-CONFESSED WIFE MURDERER.—Our readers will remember that some time ago George Peters called at the Sheriff's office, at Lebanon, and made a full confession of having killed his wife many years ago, and voluntarily delivered himself into the hands of the officer. He was for a number of years the keeper of a tavern along the Union Canal, near Lebanon. He was put on trial recently, when he plead "not guilty," under the instructions of counsel, no doubt, and owing to a mistake in the indictment the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, as instructed by the Court. At the time of the trial the prisoner was in feeble health. After his trial and acquittal he seemed to be content, satisfied that he had made peace with God, and seemed to believe he would soon be called to render a final account to Him. He was still in jail, awaiting the decision of Court on a proposition to institute new proceedings against him. Gradually he became more feebie, and on Wednesday morning, January 27th, he died. It is a very remarkable coincidence that he killed his wife exactly nineteen years ago—on the same day of the month, January 27th, and about the same hour of the day, 9 o'clock, A. M.

—A Mississippi planter writing to the N. Y. *Sun*, shows the effect of negro and carpet-bag rule in that unhappy State, by an exhibit of the taxes he pays. For the year 1874 his taxes, State, county and levee, upon property of an assessed value of about $35,000, amount to the sum of $4,863, which is equivalent to a tax of five dollars per acre upon all of his land which is under cultivation; and for this enormous taxation there is little besides a continually increasing public debt to show. People living in the "black belt" of Mississippi, if they could have foreseen what was to come, would have shown their wisdom by abandoning their real property to the blacks immediately after the war and leaving the State which has become the theatre of such rapacity. It is to keep official rogues like those in Mississippi in authority that Grant is violating the laws and the Constitution by his military interference in the affairs of the reconstructed States. His objects are power and plunder, the same as those of his confederates in the merciless crusade upon the white population of the South.

IT is probable, says the Pittsburgh *Gazette*, that ere long sewing machines will be cheap enough for even the poorest families to possess one. The refusal of the House committee to extend the patent on sewing machines is a move in the right direction, and in the interest of the laboring people of the country. It will have the effect to reduce the price of sewing machines from their present exorbitant rate as low as $20. It is in evidence that the cost of the average sewing machine is but $12, and that small manufacturers are required to pay the sewing machine combination as much as $40 profit on each machine manufactured. It is also a curious fact that Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines can be purchased in Europe and brought to this country for just one-half of the price they cost here, including all cost of freight, duty, etc., the reason being that they have no protection there, any one being allowed to make them. The enormous amount of money already made by the several companies ought to satisfy them. At all events, Congress is determined that the people shall have a chance.

—A fireless stove, as it is called, is now being tried by a street car company in Columbus, Ohio. It is described as a small iron box placed under the car seat. The box contains the necessary pipes and valves, and is filled with water. The heat is supplied at the depot. A small upright boiler, not higher than a man of ordinary stature, and consuming no more coal than a large heating stove, supplies the steam. By means of rubber hose, the steam is introduced into the stove through a pipe which projects from the outside of the car. In a short time the condensed steam heats the water to 212 degrees, and the car is heated and ready for travel. In a trip of one mile and return, occupying about forty minutes, the stove only loses 30 degrees of heat. Then another charge of steam is given, and the temperature of the car is kept pleasant constantly.

BEFORE the election last November Mr. Dawes, the chairman of the committee of ways and means, and Mr. Garfield, the chairman of the committee on appropriations, declared in congress that the revenues would be twenty-six millions of dollars in excess of necessary expenditures. The same illustrious persons are now bending their energies to the devising of new taxes amounting to forty millions of dollars to make ends meet.

News and Political Items.

—April to October of last year 97,000 Catholics made a pilgrimage to Lourdes.

—The lock-out in the coal mines of South Wales has begun and thousands of men are idle.

—A nephew of Stonewall Jackson married a niece of George B. McClellan at Denver the other day.

—Archbishop Manning has just issued a pamphlet in reply to Mr. Gladstone's work on the Vatican decrees.

—There are estimated to be in the United States at the present time about 700,000 white men who can neither read nor write.

—Each of three sisters living in Yadkin county, North Carolina, gave birth to twin female infants within a period of a few months.

—The expulsson of the Sisters of Charity from Mexico closes forty-three charitable establishments, and sends out of the country 410 sisters.

—Dr. Glenn, said to be the largest farmer in California, has just sold his last year's crop of grain for nearly half a million dollars, gold coin.

—A bicycle race over 106 miles has recently been run in England. The distance was covered by the winner in 5½ seconds less than 8 hours.

—A Syracuse man, who has thirteen daughters, says he has paid for enough wire in the form of hair pins to equip a respectable telegraph line.

—The noble red man of the frontier is gazing with a broad grin of contentment at New Orleans, and wondering how they like Philip down there.

—It has been discovered that officers of the New York custom house and a ring of foreign smugglers have been defrauding the government for years.

—Two Toledo girls recently fought a duel with hairpins, and one of the combatants will have to find her way through the world with the help of only one eye hereafter.

—L. W. Langdon, of Florence, Mass., the inventor of the sewing machine, died Tuesday at Jacksonville, Fla., whither he had gone in search of health, at the age of forty.

—"Brick" Pomeroy is lying dangerously ill at his residence in New York. Fears are entertained that he cannot recover. He has been suffering in health for several years.

—Governor Chamberlain, of South Carolina, has issued a proclamation disarming the colored militia of Edgefield county and disbanding all the military organizations of the county.

—An advertisement for a dry-goods clerk reads: "Wanted, a young man to be partly out-door and partly behind the counter." It doesn't specify what part of the young man is to be out-door.

—There are but eight Republican members of the Legislature of Tennessee, every one of whom voted for ex-President Johnson for Senator. He defeated his opponents by a majority of six.

—A marriage took place recently, at Jasper, Tenn., in which the bridegroom was in his seventy-sixth year, and the bride a girl of thirteen. The aged husband gave his wife $3,000 as a marriage gift.

—Ex-Senator Nye's insanity takes a strange form. He imagines himself dead and waiting for his coffin. He has sympathetic friends in Butler, Chandler and others, who can understand the feeling to a nicety.

—There is a man in a Chicago hospital, a victim of a railroad accident, whose head is alive, but his entire body seems to be dead. Knives have been stuck into his body, but they produce no effect upon him whatever.

—A good fruit year is predicted by the oldest fruit-growers of the peninsula on account of the abundance of ice upon the trees. They say it effectually retards the swelling of the fruit buds until the danger from frost is over.

—James Kennedy, of Connecticut, and Wm. H. Barker, of Philadelphia, wrestled on Thursday, for $500 a side. Kennedy won the first fall in 41 minutes and the third in 23 minutes. Barker won the second in 19 minutes.

—An expedition under Colonel Bradley will leave For Laramie about the 20th of April, for the Black Hills, nominally to make a thorough reconnoissance of the country, but really to occupy in to the exclusion of the miners.

—In Higginsville, N. Y., they have a boy who is a clairvoyant. He has already located several mines at West Hurley, and recently described the death of a brother which was actually taking place at the time thirty miles distant.

—Five masked and armed men bound and gagged the watchman in the American Express Company office in Utica, N. Y., on Saturday morning, and then carried off a bag containing the night train packages. The loss is believed to be small.

—At the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. George Baird, of Green Village, Morris county, N. J., the fact was acknowledged by the aged couple that never in their lives, during their courtship and marriage, had they kissed each other.

—The next election for Governor will be in November of the present year, and his term will be three years. In 1878 the Governor will be elected for four years, which will be the term thereafter, according to the provisions of the new constitution.

—The people of New Orleans won't even shoot now at the robbers of their henroosts, for fear of making a mistake injurious to the whole State. This thing of shooting a Louisiana official in the dark has got to be a mighty serious business.

—Crazed by hopeless love, Lottie White, of Denver, last week put herself beyond the influence of all earthly passions. She dressed herself in pure white, decked her head and bosom with flowers, took poison, and then, lying upon her bed, awaited death, which soon came.

—The "laughing horse," at Newark, recognized by little Walter Ross as the horse that took his little brother Charley away, has been claimed by a farmer who was having the animal kept at Newark, and who proved that Walter was entirely mistaken in the animal. So that supposed clue is lost.

—Persons who can live at all in Brazil live a great while. They have a man who dances on his knee his grandchildren's grandchildren. At Ceara, in that country, there is a woman in prison who was sentenced for life, November 6, 1815. She was then sixty years old. She is therefore 119 years old now.

—The Wautoma *Argus* tells of a woman 90 years old in that vicinity, who has cut and pieced sixty-one quilts since she was 85 years of age, each quilt containing 569 pieces. The last quilt was cut and pieced in less than ten days. Besides this she has done considerable other sewing and knitting within the time.

—Gen. Ben Roberts, of the United States Army, who was the most prominent witness against Fitz John Porter in the trial of that officer, died in Washington on Friday. He recently applied to be taken from the retired and placed on the active list of the army. He is said to have changed his opinions within a few years as to Porter's guilt.

—A North Carolina paper says that two negro girls in want of new bonnets placed obstructions on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, near Warsaw, the other day, as they say, "for the purpose of killing some ladies on the train that they might secure the bonnets." They have been tried before a justice of the peace and sent to Duplin jail.

BUY YOUR MUSICAL GOODS AT

KNAKE & McGINN'S,

Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in all kinds of

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE!

MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEDRATED

KNAKE & McGINN PIANO, AND THE PHILHARMONIC ORGAN

GENERAL WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE

PATENT ARION PIANO.

Dealers in Distin & Co.'s (London), Besson (London), Saxe (Paris), Piston Valve, and our own make of Rotary Valve BAND INSTRUMENTS. The best and freshest Strings for all Instruments constantly on hand.

Being PUBLISHERS of SHEET MUSIC, we make this branch a specialty, and always keep a full stock of the latest and best pieces on hand. Our stock of music books of all kinds is complete.
PIANOS AND ORGANS SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.
OLD INSTRUMENTS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
Clergymen, Principals of Seminaries, Leaders of Bands, Teachers, and all wishing to purchase Musical Goods, will find it to their interest to communicate directly with us.
Catalogues and Price Lists furnished free on application.

WAREROOMS, No. 12 Sixth Street, (Late St. Clair.)

[1-29.-1y.] PITTSBURCH, PA.

—Bishop Samuel Reinke, senior bishop of the Moravian Church, died recently at Bethlehem, Pa., aged eighty-three. He was chosen Bishop in 1858. During the past four years he has been an invalid.

—Samuel Sinclair, late publisher of the New York *Tribune*, and believed to be worth half a million until his sudden and unexpected failure last year, is now a clerk in the New York Custom House at a salary of $1,500 a year. Like many others, he was ruined in an attempt to establish a handsome country-seat.

—A hot well was recently discovered at Portlandville, Dakota, during the process of sinking a well there. The drill had sunk about thirty feet, an open space below was discovered, and by sounding they could not find the bottom. When the drill was withdrawn a volume of hot steam issued from the hole at the top, and has continued to escape ever since.

—The "wickedest man in the world" has been found. His name is Welker, of Fremont, Ohio. He went West, and swindled his partner in Toledo out of all the goods he had taken with him to sell; he deserted his wife, who has a young baby; scooped his father out of $1,500 and his mother-in-law out of a smaller sum, and when last heard from was still going West.

—There is to be a great international chess match between English and French players. The last was thirty years ago, and lasted two years, when the English were beaten. They have now challenged the French to another trial of strength. Three days will be allowed for each move. The stakes to be played for will probably be $4,000, and the match will be carried on by telegraph.

—It is related that Senator Isaac P. Christiancy, recently elected to the United States Senate from Michigan, was, in boyhood, a resident of the hamlet of Garoga, Fulton county, New York. His father was engaged in making salve, which he peddled throughout the country, and thus gained a livelihood, while young Isaac drove a team for other parties and drew lumber into the Johnstown market. They pronounce the name Cresytoncy.

—A butcher living on the Prosperity road some four miles from Washington, Pa., was grinding sausage meat in a water power machine, which had a very large hopper, when a little boy, aged six years, came into the building, playing with a dog, and in running accidentally stumbled over a large block near the machine, and fell headlong into the terrible grinders. Before it could be stopped his head and neck were ground to a jelly.

—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* says: Bishop Wilmer, of Louisiana, in a letter just published, says of the report of Messrs. Foster, Phelps and Potter: "The assembled army of the United States could not have done what the committee has done to win back the friendship of an abused people. Since the report was made public, the prayer for Congress has been read in churches in which it has not been heard since the close of the war."

—Egbert Sickler, aged 73 years, the last of four bachelor brothers, living in Asylum township about four miles from Towanda, was literally pounded to death by Jewell J. and Stanley Powers. They had been to Towanda and returned intoxicated and while on the spree there arose a quarrel which had its termination as above stated. There was not a square inch of surface on his body which did not bear evidence of the terrible mauling through which he was put. The murderers are reposing from their labors in the Bradford county jail.

—A New York dispatch says a magnificent necklace and ear-drops of diamonds were received at the Custom House, on the 28th ult., for delivery to General Sherman's daughter, Mrs. Fitch, which were sent by the Khedive of Egypt, as a wedding present in token of his appreciation of services rendered by Gen. Sherman. The necklace is a perfect mass of diamonds artistically strung, and with still larger diamonds hanging at intervals in the form of pendants. The ear-rings were composed of a number of larger sized diamonds arranged to match the necklace. Its value is estimated at a quarter of a million dollars.

DOLLARS

TO THE AMOUNT OF TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND ARE TO BE DISTRIBUTED ON THE 27TH FEBRUARY BY THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KY., UPON THE OCCASION OF THEIR FIFTH AND LAST CONCERT.

Drawing Certain or Money Refunded.

One Grand Cash Gift		$250.00
One Grand Cash Gift		100.00
One Grand Cash Gift		75.00
One Grand Cash Gift		50.00
One Grand Cash Gift		25.00
5 Cash Gifts,	$20,000 each	100.00
10 Cash Gifts,	14,000 each	140.00
15 Cash Gifts,	10,000 each	150.00
20 Cash Gifts,	5,000 each	100.00
25 Cash Gifts,	4,000 each	100.00
30 Cash Gifts,	3,000 each	90.00
50 Cash Gifts,	2,000 each	100.00
100 Cash Gifts,	1,000 each	100.00
240 Cash Gifts,	500 each	120.00
500 Cash Gifts,	100 each	50.00
19,000 Cash Gifts,	50 each	950.00

Whole Tickets $50. Halves $25. Tenth, or each Coupon, $5. Eleven Whole Tickets, $500.

For Tickets, or information, address C. M. BRIGGS, Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky., or THOS. H. HAYS & CO., 609 Broadway, N. Y. [1-22.-4t.]

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

Death of Gov. Bramlette—Action of the Trustees—A Successor Appointed—No More Postponements—Drawing Certain Febonary 27th.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky, Jan. 16, 1875, it was resolved that C. M. Briggs, Esq., who under the late Hon. Thos. E. Bramlette was the real business manager of the gift concerts already given in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, be and is hereby authorized to take the place made vacant by the death of said Bramlette, in the management of the affairs of the fifth and last gift concert, and that the drawing announced for February 27, 1875 will positively and unequivocally take place on that day without any further postponement or delay on any account whatever.

R. T. DURRETT, Pres.
JOHN S. CAIN, Secretary.

Hereafter all communications relating to the Concert should be addressed to the undersigned, and I pledge myself that the drawing shall come off February 27th or that every dollar paid for tickets shall be returned.

C. M. BRIGGS, Agent and Manager,
Room 4, Public Library Building,
[1-29.-4t.] Louisville, Ky.

G. C. K. ZAHM,

—DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES

AND ALL OTHER GOODS USUALLY KEPT IN A COUNTRY STORE.

WOOL AND COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

Store on South Side of Main Street,
Ebensburg, Pa.

ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Ebensburg, as required by Act of Assembly passed April 20th, 1874:

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Actual Indebtedness	$ 4,17[illegible]
Amount of Funded Debt (Boro'h Bonds)	4,00
" " Floating "	[illegible]
Valuation of Taxable Property	222,[illegible]

CHARACTER OF ASSETS.

Balance due on Duplicate	$ [illegible]
" in hands of Burgess	[illegible]

Date of maturity of Borough Bonds—[illegible] gust, 1884.

D. H. KINKEAD, Burg'
T. W. DICK, Secretary. [1-29

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Commissioners of Cambria County, intend making application to the present Legislature for the passage of an Act entitled "A further Supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act establishing an additional Court in Cambria County,'" the purpose of said Act being to require the Commissioners aforesaid and their Clerk to attend each session of said Court and perform the duties, touching all the expenses of the same, that are now imposed on the Associate Judges of said Court by the 9th Section of a Supplement to the original act, which said Supplement was approved April 4th, 1873.

ANTHONY ANNA,
WM. D. McCLELLAND, } Co. Com'rs.
MARTIN F. CAMPBELL,
Ebensburg, Jan. 29, 1875.-4t.

STRAY CATTLE.—Came into the enclosure of the subscriber, in [illegible] township, some time during the latter part of November last, one BULL and one STEER, the former which will be two years old next Spring, and a yellowish red color, and have white spots on some of their foreheads and white under their bellies. The Steer has also white feet and one hind foot up to the knee joint, while the Bull has a small spot between the shoulders. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away; failing in which, they will be sold as the law directs.

SEBASTIAN LUTH[illegible]
Carroll Twp., Jan. 29, 1875.-3t.

EPILEPSY or FI[illegible]

A SURE CURE for this distressing [illegible] is now made known in a Treatise (64 [illegible] pages) on Foreign and Native Herbal Preparations, published by Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN. The prescription was discovered by him in such an identical manner that he cannot conscientiously refuse to make it known, as it has cured everybody who has used it for Fits, never having failed in a single case. The ingredients may be obtained from any druggist. A copy sent free to applicants by mails. Address DR. O. P. BROWN, 21 Grand Street, Jersey City, N.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of CLEMENT FRESH, deceased. Letters of Administration on the estate of said decedent, late of Cambria township, Cambria county, having been issued to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all debts due to said estate must be paid forthwith, and all claims against the same should be presented duly authenticated for settlement.

CATHARINE FRESH, Adm'x.
JOHN W. SHARBAUGH, Adm'r.
Carroll Twp., Jan. 22, 1875.-6t.

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Cambria county, for the year ending January 11, 1875:

Amount of property insured Jan. 12, 1874,	$1030,608,79	
Amount of property insured during year,	293,456,00	1,324,064,79
Deduct amount expired during year,	220,445,00	
Deduct amount surrendered and canceled,	16,101,00	236,546,00
Amt. of property insured Jan. 11, 1875,		1,087,518,79
Amt. of premium notes in force Jan. 12, 1874,	105 444,30	
Amt. of premium notes taken during year,	30,907,86	136,352,16
Deduct amount expired during year,	22,717,92	
Deduct amount surrendered and canceled,	2,659,00	25,376,92
Amount of premium notes in force Jan. 11, 1875,		110,975,24
No. of Policies issued during year,		236
No. of Policies in force Jan. 11, 1875,		929

CASH ACCOUNT—RECEIPTS.

Am't. on hand at last settl'mt,	$1,285,83	
Cash for new insurance,	1,130,20	
Interest received,	21,20	
On account of assessment No. 4,	1,605,13	4,042,36

EXPENDITURES.

Losses to Caspar Hagar,	$125,00	
C. T. Roberts,	8,18	
Secretary's fees,	118,00	
Treasurer's salary,	80,00	
Rent,	40 00

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

FRIDAY, - - - FEB. 5, 1875.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There, and the Other Place.

—Terribly cold last night, wasn't it?

—For the best flour in town go to M. L. Oatman's.

—Buy the Eastern Star Flour if you want the best. Sold only by M. L. Oatman.

—A deaf mute in Johnstown named Smith wears the champion belt on chess playing.

—For choice No 1 mackerel, lower than ever you bought them, go to M. L. Oatman's.

—Buy all your goods at Oatman's cash store and save 15 to 20 per cent. on every dollar.

—You will find prices on all kind of goods lower at Oatman's than elswhere in Ebensburg.

—Sleighing continues excellent, but there is a possibility of freezing to death trying to enjoy it.

—Turnpike sailors are almost as numerous this winter as potato-bugs were last summer.

—The thermometer down to zero and gold up to $1.13¾. No wonder people are freezing and starving.

—The ground hog is playing H—ail Columbia with the weather. Fearfully cold and stormey was yesterday.

—David Farner is in jail again, charged this time with breaking into Benton & Tittle's hardware store, Johnstown.

—Henry Smith, an Altoona boy, had his collar-bone broken and left thigh terribly bruised while coasting Monday evening.

—Joe Gutwald's meat market was broken into on Friday night last by a party of boys, but we believe nothing was carried away.

—Morris Hunt, a freight brakeman, had one of his hands badly demoralized while coupling cars at Kittanning Point on Tuesday last.

—J. K. Roush, a car builder in the Altoona shops, was seriously injured the other day by falling from a car on which he was at work.

—Eighty-eight members were added to the communion of the Second Presbyterian church, Altoona, on Sunday week—the result of a two weeks' revival.

—Mrs. Edie of this place, relict of Rev. J. W. Edie, deceased, has been paid the insurance money on her husband's life, amounting it is said to nearly $5,000.

—Eight million feet of lumber is what Peter McGough proposes to put in Trout run, Clearfield county, this winter, if it should take all next summer to do it.

—Mr. Wm. M. Jones, of this place, will be a Notary Public for three years more, Providence permitting, the Senate having just confirmed his re-appointment.

—Conrad Supler, a boy employed as a mule driver in an ore drift near Johnstown, had one of his feet badly crushed a few days ago by a portion of the mine roof falling on him.

—A Kernville (Johnstown) lady named Conn slipped on the icy pavement, Tuesday morning, and received painful injuries. We say Conn-found the icy pavements anyhow.

—Conemaugh borough has a soap factory which turns out 6,000 pounds of soap per day, and yet a great deal of *dirt* appears upon the faces of even the newspapers down that way.

—A young man named Zaner was instantly killed at Marchand, Indiana county, on Saturday week, in consequence of his sled coming in contact with an obstruction while coasting.

—The extra amount of type-setting which devolved upon ourself this week has rendered the issuing of the FREEMAN on time an impossibility. More's the pity, but then 'tis better late than never.

—A young man employed with others in the building of a bridge over the Juniata river at Lewistown, fell from that structure on Monday last, and striking on the ice beneath, was killed instantly.

—A *lusus naturae* occurred a few days ago on the farm of Mr. James Coleman, of Blacklick township, Indiana county. One of his cows brought forth four calves, two males and two females, all living.

—The communications of our good friends "Veritas" and "Rover" are in type, but owing to the pressure upon our local department, we are compelled to withold their publication until next week.

—The Johnstown soup house has just got rid of one of its regular customers by sending Prof. Rosenfeld, the champion carpet-bagger, well known in this community, on his winding way to Pittsburgh.

—A little two year old son of J. F. Sprankle of Davidsville, Indiana county, was burned to death one day last week in consequence of his clothes taking fire during the temporary absence of his mother from the house.

—Wonder if the editor of the Curwensville *Times* ain't beginning to get a little fearful that the "End of the World" will overtake him before he gets through with the publication of the long continued story bearing that title.

—Peter Campbell started for Germany on Tuesday night last, to hear what the powers that be over there have to say about his little car coupling. We presume they know in "Faderland" that the Campbell is coming—ch! ho!

—We are twenty-four hours behind time this week, but nevertheless we deem it not too late to put in a good word for E. J. Mills, who still continues to deal out the very best of bargains in the very best of goods at his big store on Main street.

—Miss Rose Storm, daughter of Mr. J. E. Storm, of Summitville, this county, has recently completed an elegant silk quilt containing 5,568 blocks, the entire work being of the most elaborate and beautiful design. Miss Rose is evidently a Storm worth raising.

—Hon. John Reilly and lady, in obedience to the advice of the lamented Greeley, started west in a special car on an extensive bridal tour shortly after their wedding, and expect to visit many of the cities and other places of interest in that region before their return.

—At least eight men in this place and about twenty thousand elsewhere in the United States will be glad to learn that the House committee on pensions has agreed to report in favor of granting eight dollars per month to each of the veterans of the Mexican war.

—As we anticipated, the indictment against R. A. O. Kerr, Esq., of Altoona, for alleged embezzlement, was ignored by the Blair county Grand Jury and the prosecutor ordered to pay the costs. Bob is not made of the kind of stuff that villians are composed of.

—The man who until recently manipulated the public funds in Cambria borough, and who was familiarly known as the tax collector, "stepped down and out" a few days ago, leaving his bondsmen to figure out for themselves how much they have lost by the operation.

—Last Tuesday evening two young men named Winn and Fusselman, of Juniata county, were taken to Pittsburgh, charged with having U. S. mail keys in their possession, in violation of law, for which they are to be tried before the U. S. District Court for the Western District. The prisoners were heavily ironed.

—It is perhaps never in order to come where your love lies dreaming, but it is always a good thing to go where the best kind of clothing can be bought for a mere song and lots of good treatment thrown into the bargain. Of course we mean to the famous Oak Hall of S. J. Hess & Bro., 241 and 243 Main street, Johnstown.

—In the United States District Court, Pittsburg, on Tuesday, in the matter of Felix Beck, of Loretto, this county, bankrupt, the petition of William Litzinger, for the ascertainment and liquidation of certain alleged liens, was presented and referred to Register Brotherline. Also, petition of solicitors for allowance for services.

—Lent will commence next Wednesday, and in view of that fact it will be well not to forget to bear in mind and keep in remembrance the other fact, already stated by us, that Myers & Lloyd have in store the finest lot of fish of various kinds that has ever been opened in this market. Sample them, soak them and swallow them.

—A lad named Gleigham was caught in the gearing of a revolving shaft in Nutter, Cunningham & Co.'s shook factory, Conemaugh borough, on Saturday evening, and had one of his legs drawn around the pinion and so horribly mangled that it is thought he cannot survive.

—Frank W. Hay, is one of the livest men and most energetic citizens of Johnstown, has just associated with him his son Harry in the stove and tinware buliness, which will hereafter, as in the past, be carried on on the most extensive scale. The new firm has our best wishes for uabounded success, which none in the county or out of it deserve to a greater extent.

—For illegal liquor selling, Charles Rauch, of Hollidaysburg, will have to pine ninety days in jail and pay a fine of $200 and costs of prosecution. For a like offense James Maitland—of course you know James—goes up for twenty days and has to plank down $129 and costs. Jeems says he will work it out behind the bars, money and all as he is "kinder used" to being behind "bars" anyhow.

—Mr. Miller, the Johnstown sewing machine man, who was charged on the oath of a Westmoreland county farmer named Sigler with the crime of adultery, has been fully vindicated by having the indictment ignored by the Grand Jury of that county and by the conviction of Sigler for assault with intent to kill as well as for attempted robbery. The latter has not yet been sentenced.

—A Greensburg physician named Dr. A. L. Wagaman, left quietly for parts unknown one day last week. The *Democrat* says that in two letters, one to his wife and the other to a friend, left in the post office, he gave no reason, simply announcing his departure and bidding farewell. His liabilities exceed three thousand dollars, while his assets do not amount to three hundred dollars. Europe is supposed to be his destination.

—We are sorry to note the fact that two of our friends and patrons, Messrs. John Lloyd of this place and William Larimer of Cambria township, are lying seriously tho' we hope not dangerously ill at their respective homes. We also regret to learn that the death of Mr. Peter L. Linton, of the Mountain House in this place, who has been ailing for several months past, is looked for at any moment, his condition being such as to render his recovery utterly impossible.

—The grasshopper sufferers in the West, so far as publicly known, have received from Ebensburg the gratuitous publication in the local prints of an earnest appeal for help—that's all. And yet people are actually starving to death in Kansas and Minnesota, one family of nine and another of two persons having died from cold and hunger in the former State only last week. Will not some of the ladies of Ebensburg see what can be done in our midst for those unfortunate people?

—There can't be much difference between a sleigh ride and a ride in a sleigh, provided you have lots of tinkling bells and not more than one of the other kind; but there is a vast difference between good clothing and shoddy garments, between exorbitant prices and moderate charges, and the man who wants to turn the difference to his own advantage when he puts himself inside of new toggery, will not forget to make a bee line for Jas. J. Murphy's Star Clothing Hall, 109 Clinton street, Johnstown.

—Mr. George C. Fisher, of Johnstown, fell dead on Wednesday morning last about 10 o'clock, while in the act of reaching into a cupboard in quest of some article he desired to obtain. He had been ill for a few days previously, but at the time of his sudden and unlooked for death he was believed to be improving in health. We knew George well as a genial, whole-souled gentleman of undoubted integrity and good business qualifications, and we are sincerely sorry to learn of his death, under such heart-rending circumstances.

—The owner of a horse in this place is said to have gone from home not long since, leaving the animal penned up in the stable, without any provision for its maintenance or any arrangement for having it fed and watered, and when the condition of the dumb brute was discovered by some neighbors the other day it was so far gone that its resuscitation was out of the question, and it died soon after. All the boards within its reach were nibbled by the starving animal in the effort to sustain life. If this be a true bill, we envy not the heart of the man who would be guilty of such an inhuman act.

—We fail to fulfil our promise in regard to publishing the names of those to whom a partial credit is due on the present volume, but will do so for sure next week. We give the names of those who have paid for the year in full since our last: A. J. McDermit, Yardleyville, Pa.; Elizabeth Gillin, Hudson, Iowa; A. H. Fiske, Fallen Timber; John W. Gillespie, Portage; Robert T. Shank, Erie, Pa.; Wm. Murray, Altoona; F. J. Parish, Gallitzin; A. Strittmatter, Adam Shettig, John G. C. Bearer, Felix Short, Paul Strittmatter, Peter Hoover, Carrolltown; W. A. B. Little, Loretto; John Feurgeson, V. S. Barker, Kilburn Jackson, Thomas Hoover, Ebensburg.

—A young man named Wm. H. Weaver, of Diamondville, Indiana county, met with a horrible death at the saw mill of Flude & Duncan, on Two Lick, Wednesday afternoon of last week, by falling in front of the circular saw, which passed through his head just at the eyes serving the entire top of his head, except the skin at the temple. He continued to breath for about half an hour before death relieved him from his terrible sufferings. A brother of the unfortunate young man was killed not long since by a tree falling upon him, and one of his sisters met with a like fate by a fall at a saw mill near Diamondville. An unfortunate family truly.

—True merit is not always without its reward, as the career of Hon. John Reilly, Congressman elect from this district, very fully exemplifies. In his innumerable business enterprises and one great politicl venture he has been eminently successfully, as indeed he well deserves to be, and now he has "capped the climax" of good fortune by wedding one of the most amible, estemable and accomplished young ladies in this Congressional district who will bear with honor and distinction the unsullied name of him who is eminently worthy and justly proud to call her his wife. May God bless and prosper them in this life and crown them with eternal glory in the life to come.

—Rev. Henry Cluver, who some months ago was assigned to the pastoral charge of the church of the Holy Name (Catholic) in this place, has been transferred to St. Peter's church, (German,) East Liberty, and Rev. William A. Boyle, heretofore attached to the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, has been placed in charge of the congregation here. Father Cluver, by his zeal, learning and kindly disposition, won the hearts of all under his spiritual care while among us, and in his departure bears with him the good will and earnest prayers of every member of the church in this vicinity. Father Boyle, who arrived last night, is an amiable, talented and eloquent young priest, and that he will soon gain the love and esteem of those among whom he is to labor there can be no earthly doubt.

—The members of the Ebensburg Silver Cornet Band did themselves infinite credit, as well in the selection of the several pieces presented at their concert on Friday night last as in the manner in which the entire programme was disposed of. The band, as a band, far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of all who heard them on this occasion, and we are glad to say that they had a large audience, while the vocal music was received with tremendous applause. Prof. Keller brought down the house with his flute and cornet solos; Dec. Thompson in his Dutch songs and personations was really irresistible, singing admirably and acting his part to perfection; Will Connell did ample justice to the Irishman in song and character; Eugene Barker personated the Yankee true to life and also sang very well; Lon. Rodgers as a big rooster did the necessary crowing almost as well as if he had been tarred and feathered, and Geo. W. Jones, Howard Jones, Ed. Kittell and all the other participants, performed their several parts with marked credit to themselves and exceeding delight to the entire audience. We hope to hear them soon again, and trust that the intimation in regard to another concert at an early day will be made good. Carrolltown and Wilmore are also thought of as points worth visiting, and if visited we bespeak for each an entertainment well worth listening to.

JURORS FOR MARCH COURT.—Following are the names of the Grand and Traverse Jurors drawn to serve at March term:

GRAND JURORS.

Allegheny Twp.—Joseph Hogue (Foreman), George Flick, Andrew McKenzie.
Adams Twp.—Ebenezer Foust, Geo. Grumling, Cambria Twp.—Mathias Burnheimer, John C. Farren, John H. McCloskey, John Hughes, John T. Hughes, John H. Davis.
Croyle Twp.—Henry Carpenter.
Carrolltown Bor.—Andrew Haug.
Chest Twp.—Adam Miller.
Franklin Bor.—William Adams, Philip McGough.
Gallitzin Twp.—John Dougherty.
Johnstown.—Thomas J. Elder, 1st Ward; F. M. Hughes, 3d Ward.
Loretto Bor.—Patrick Meally.
Susquehanna Twp.—John Westover.
White Twp.—John Beers, John Gwin, J. S. Walters.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Adams Twp.—Daniel Boyle, Edward Reighard, Daniel Wissinger.
Allegheny Twp.—W. A. B. Little, Zachariah Topper.
Barr Twp.—Daniel James, Casper Leib.
Blacklick Twp.—James White, Isaac Wissinger.
Cambria Bor.—Charles Boyle.
Cambria Twp.—G. J. Lloyd.
Chest Twp.—Charles Loughbein, Joseph Wentz.
Croyle Twp.—John Brown, John Lonr, Samuel T. Paul.
Chest Springs Bor.—Michael Cooper.
Carrolltown Bor.—John Hogue.
Clearfield Twp.—P. J. Krise, Nicholas Nagle.
Conemaugh Bor.—Frank Maloy, 1st Ward.
Ebensburg Bor.—A. A. Barker, East Ward; E. B. Kittell, West Ward.
Gallitzin Bor.—John Troxell.
Jackson Twp.—Jacob Klinefelter.
Johnstown—Wm. Baker, John Bloch, David Cover, 3d Ward; Jacob Fend, Wm. Hopkins, 2d Ward; B. F. Horner, Geo. Knable, 5th Ward; John Mullin, 4th Ward.
Munster Twp.—Matthew Farbaugh.
Richland Twp.—Henry Custer, Henry Kroft, Jeremiah Weaver, Jacob M. Miller.
Summerhill Twp.—Thomas Doran.
Susquehanna Twp.—Andrew Eckenrode, John Manion.
White Twp.—Samuel Kuhn, Wm. McManamy.
Washington Twp.—James G. Brawley, John Hamilton, M. B. McLaughlin.
Woodvale Bor.—Edwin Thomas.
Yoder Twp.—Michael Haughey.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Adams Twp.—Jacob Shank, Tobias Stutzman.
Allegheny Twp.—Wm. Baker, Martin Flick.
Barr Twp.—Henry Kirsch.
Blacklick Twp.—John B. Hite, Cambria Bor.—Robert Jones.
Coopersdale Bor.—John D. Adams, Dent. J. Bryant.
Carroll Twp.—David Abrams.
Croyle Twp.—Conrad Bearsnyder, Joseph Croyle.
Carrolltown Bor.—Peter Campbell, Valentine Thomas.
Chest Springs Bor.—John Connery.
Clearfield Twp.—Bernard Litzinger, James Mulligan.
Ebensburg Bor.—F. H. Barker, East Ward; John Gittings, Geo. H. Roberts, West Ward.
East Conemaugh Bor.—John Confer.
Franklin Bor.—Bernard Carney.
Gallitzin Twp.—James P. Murray.
Gallitzin Bor.—Thos. McCloskey.
Johnstown—John T. Carney, Samuel Kinter, 6th Ward; Jacob Fronheiser, 3d Ward; Thomas H. Lapsley, 1st Ward.
Munster Twp.—Daniel O'Hara.
Millville Bor.—Robert Boyle.
Richland Twp.—Samuel Blough.
Susquehanna Twp.—Theodore Parker, Daniel Fritz, Philip Gray, John Porter.
Summerhill Twp.—Daniel Black, Joseph Emigh, James McDunn, Michael Neff.
Summitville Bor.—M. J. Murray, John Rifle.
Taylor Twp.—Solomon Benshoff.
White Twp.—Jacob Kuntzman, Christian Walters.
Washington Twp.—Caron Lahey, James Skelly, Wm. Tiley.
Wilmore Bor.—John McColgan.

YE HEATHEN CHINEE.—Our attentive Gallitzin correspondent F. J. P. sends us an account of a somewhat exciting incident which occurred in that place one day last week, caused by the appearance there of a couple of Heathen Chinee, who claimed to be the most dexterous magicians outside the Flowery Kingdom, and who advertised to give an entertainment at Col. Woods' hotel. The Burgess, hearing of their intention, called upon the Celestials and informed them that they would have to come down with the stamps for a license if they wanted to show within the corporate limits. To this demand the principal, who called himself Lee Kin, paid no attention, but treated the Burgess with contempt, and went on with the exhibition regardless of the ordidinance and its penalties. To his credit be it said, however, the Burgess never shrinks from the performance of his duty, and therefore did not feel disposed to let the yellow hued heathens take advantage of him. Accordingly when the show was over he again demanded the license, but instead of receiving the money he received all manner of abuse, such as a heathen only would be guilty of using. By this time the Burgess was in anything but a happy mood, and without further ceremony commanded Constable Burns to take charge of Mr. Pigtail and furnish him with lodgings in the borough lockup, from which he was eventually released upon payment of six dollars and costs. But the man with the queu was not yet satisfied and determined to have revenge, which he sought to obtain by accusing Constable Burns with the stealing of his watch. Not not being any on the steal, the constable concluded to search Mr. Heathen, which he did very thoroughly, overhauling him from head to foot, a process which finally culminated in the finding of the missing watch secreted in one of his shoes. John Chinaman thereupon became frantic with rage and made several attempts to bite the officers, but after a few hours more spent in Castle Thunder and the payment of an additional fine for contempt and disorderly conduct, he became as cool as a cucumber, and expressed himself perfectly willing to bid a final adieu to Gallitzin and betake himself to other scenes in the shortest time possible.

IN this age of scepticism, facts are required to inspire confidence in the minds of the people; but, with good indorsers, they are willing to test any article claiming extraordinary merit. The proprietors of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer offer the following indorsement of the merits claimed by them for their preparation, by the Pittsburgh, Pa., "Christian Advocate;" viz., "The public have so often been deceived by the use of worthless preparations for the hair, that an article of this kind, to gain their favor and secure their patronage, must possess *real merit*. We are glad to assure our readers that Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is meeting with the success which its merits so justly deserve; and we have reliable evidence, that it will perform all that is claimed for it, in restoring gray hair to its natural color, and, as a permanent dressing, is unsurpassed.

—The would-be bridegroom in the little matrimonial escapade of which we made mention last week, called on us the other day to request a retraction of our statement, alleging that there was not a word of truth in the assertion that he has a wife in Germany, (not Pittsburgh, as we were informed,) and that as soon as that fact has been fully established, as he says it will be ere long, the wedding will take place and everything will be lovely. Furthermore, he expresses his determination to fight it out on that line and make good all his promises, pledges and obligations, no matter what may be the result. We cheerfully give him the benefit of his denial, and trust that if he can read his title clear he may secure a good and affectionate wife and she a kind and loving husband.

FREE OF CHARGE.—Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most efficient qualities for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Coughs and Colds are speedily relieved by it and in Croup it acts like magic. Call at R. J. Lloyd's Drug Store and obtain a sample bottle *free of charge*, or a regular size for $1; or at P. M. Woelslagle & Son's Store, Wilmore. J. R. MORRIS, 113 North 2d St., Phila. [3-13.-1y.]

IRON CITY COLLEGE.—We clip from the *Presbyterian Banner*, of January 27th, the following complimentary but well-deserved notice of this popular and successful Business College: "The Iron City Commercial College is now in the full tide of successful study. This is the only institution of the kind in Pittsburgh that we recommend to the public patronage."

If you want to purchase LAND Read the B. & M. Advertisement in another column.

Communications.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

MR. EDITOR—Now that the Ninth Normal School District, composed of the counties of Cambria, Indiana, Armstrong and Westmoreland, rejoices at the completion of the magnificent building at Indiana, and contemplates a practical work at no late date, we would respectfully call attention to a few facts generally, but possibly not universally known. They are embodied in Act of Assembly, May 20th, 1857, as follows:

"Each of said schools shall admit, when required, and retain during the whole term of study, if so long they behave themselves well, one student annually, alternately male and female, from each common school district within the counties comprising its Normal District, at a cost fixed by the trustees of the board of directors sending them; said students to be selected after public examination by said directors from amongst those, if males, of the age of sixteen and upwards, and if females of not less than fourteen years, who manifest a desire and capacity to exercise the profession of teaching, preference being always given to those of the best moral character, most studious habits, and greatest proficiency in knowledge; but no one to be so admitted unless proficient in all the studies required for admittance into the normal schools by their general regulations adopted under article seven of this section."

The above provisions are certainly practical and very wise, for by a judicious exercise of them, every school board in our Normal district (and in 1875, there were 188) could secure itself against the necessity of throwing (worse) money away on incompetent teachers. It may be argued that it is not just to tax A and B to make a teacher of C, but A and B, by helping to educate C will get infinitely more benefit from their money than by allowing it to be spent upon incompetent teachers; and who will deny that there are many such. Each board of directors should secure themselves by finding their student to teach a proper length of time, in their respective district; at a minimum salary, on account of receiving this public benefit. And many earnest, faithful young men and ladies of limited means, would gladly improve such an opportunity. We hope at least one hundred of our school boards will have the moral courage to lay hold of the good work, and by a wise outlay of a portion of the funds entrusted to them, secure to themselves and those whom they represent, competent teachers, thereby benefitting their own community and securing a blessing for the rising generation which can be secured in no other way. We hope, too, that the young men and young ladies of the Ninth Normal district will wake up to the importance of this matter, and respectfully petition their respective school boards to give them this great legacy. Our State Normal Schools need the students; our common schools need the teachers. The benefit is mutual and will be lasting as eternity.

SONNET.

TO W. G.—DIED 1873.

Thy portraiture within my hand
I hold, and fondly gaze
On that fair brow, so broad and bland,
While images of other days
Troop through my mind with steps so grand!
And echoes from the far-off strand
Of Memory return,

Like chimes in some far steeple rung,
And tell of happy hours,
When Youth his brightest garlands flung
Upon the rosy bowers,
When, full of hope and cheer, we sung,
Nor thought our schemes, so airy-hung,
So soon should fall an urn.

T. J. CHAPMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa., 1875.

HYMENEAL.

EVANS—DAVIS.—Married, in this place, on Thursday, Jan. 28th, by Rev. T. R. Jones. Mr. JOHN J. EVANS and Miss MARY DAVIS, both of Ebensburg.

To the newly wedded we tender thanks for a large and delicious cake, and trust that the future has in store for them an abundance of peace and true contentment. The bridegroom elect is one of the most respectable and substantial of our citizens, and of the bride it can truly be said that she has always deserved and always enjoyed the esteem of every one who knows her, and we are sure that in all the duties which are incumbent upon a wife and helpmate she will act her part cheerfully, lovingly and devotedly. May no shade of sorrow ever darken their pathway, but may every blessing that Heaven can bestow be vouchsafed them in their mutual journey through life.

REILLY—LLOYD.—Married, at the Catholic pastorial residence, Hollidaysburg, on Thursday evening, Jan. 28th, 1875, by Rev. Father Walsh, Hon. JOHN REILLY, of Altoona, and Miss JENNIE B., daughter of A. M. Lloyd, Esq., of Gaysport.

ALMOND—IRWIN.—Married, on the 14th ult., at the Baptist parsonage, Bell's Mills, by Rev. S. N. Swinden, ARTHUR F. ALMOND to ANNA ELIZA IRWIN, both of Lloydsville, this county.

OBITUARY.

SANCKERS.—Died, in Allegheny township, on the 24 inst., Mrs. SUSAN BARBARA, wife of Mr. Anthony Sanckers, aged 48 years and 21 days.

The deceased lady was a sister of Mr. J. D. Parrish, of this place, and was a most estimable woman—one who endeared herself by her many virtues to a large circle of relatives and friends, all of whom sincerely mourn her loss, although it is every reason to hope that she has exchanged the cares and troubles of this life for the joys and beatitudes of a life eternal. She lived in obedience to the precepts of her faith and died the death of an humble but sincere follower of her crucified Savior. Her remains were yesterday interred in the Catholic cemetery at Loretto, whither they were followed, notwithstanding the severity of the weather, by a very large concourse of sorrowing kindred and sympathising neighbors. May she rest in peace.

EVANS.—Died, in Cambria township, on the night of the 2d inst., after a long and painful illness, Miss RACHEL EVANS, daughter of William Evans, aged about 32 years.

LICENSE NOTICE.

—Petitions for Tavern and Eating House License have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Session of Cambria county by the following named persons, and will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of said county, at March Sessions, 1875.

TAVERN LICENSE.

Carrolltown Borough—Edward L. Binder, Dominick Eger.
Chest Township—Anthony Aana.
Chest Springs Borough—John Crouse.
Croyle Township—Michael Gates.
Ebensburg Boro', West Ward—John A. Blair, Henry Foster.
Gallitzin Township—Anthony McCue.
Washington Township—Michael Bradley, Henry Martz, Margaret Helly, Peter Brown.

EATING HOUSE LICENSE.

Washington Township—George Seabolt, jr.,

B. McCOLGAN, Clerk Q. S.

Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 3, 1875.

TRIAL LIST.

—List of Causes set down for trial at the ensuing term of Court, commencing on the FIRST MONDAY OF MARCH next:

FIRST WEEK.

Edwards	vs.	Boser, Adm'r.
Warren	vs.	McGonigle's Ex'rs.
Nely	vs.	Wagner & Son.
McMullin	vs.	Bradley.
Maltzie	vs.	Crum's Ex'r.
Zusk	vs.	Lloyd.
Davis	vs.	Brown.

SECOND WEEK.

Christy	vs.	Alleg'ny Mount'n Coal & Lumber Co.
Cooper & Co	vs.	Rist.
Cambria Iron Co	vs.	Christy et. al.
Wehn	vs.	Walters.
George	vs.	Richards et. al.
Mughan	vs.	Penns. Rail Road Co.
McCarity	vs.	Shumate.
Galligan	vs.	Collins.
Wolf	vs.	Macomber.
Burns	vs.	Van Orner.
Benshoff	vs.	Rager et. al.
Broombaugh	vs.	Gallaher.
Gallagher	vs.	Broombaugh.
Gorm'ly	vs.	Lloyd.
Vaughn & Lynch	vs.	O'Neill.
Murphy	vs.	Burk.
Kilduff	vs.	Burk.

B. McCOLGAN, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, Feb. 1, 1875.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

—By virtue of a writ of *Vend. Expon.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises in Conemaugh township, on THURSDAY, the 25th DAY OF FEBRUARY next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

ALL the right, title and interest of Joseph Kost, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Conemaugh township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Cushon alley and adjoining lands of Heirs of Joseph Heslop, dec'd, and John Cushon, containing ONE ACRE, more or less having thereon erected a two story Frame Building (used for a Brewery), vault, cellars, fixtures, and appertenances complete, now in the occupancy of Joseph Kost. *Also*, a piece or parcel of land situate in Conemaugh township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Cushon alley and adjoining lands of Heirs of Joseph Heslop, dec'd, and Jonathan Orricks, containing about ONE-AND-A-HALF ACRES, more or less, having thereon erected a Frame Sathle. *Also*, a peice or parcel of land situate part in Conemaugh township and part in Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, Pa., running 204 feet along Township Road and back 300 feet, adjoining lands of John Cushon on two sides and Thomas Walters on the other. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Geis, now for use of Joseph Read.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two thirds on confirmation of the Deed.

HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Jan. 27, 1875.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

OF CAMBRIA COUNTY from the 22d day of January, 1874, to the 21st day of January, 1875:

A. D. CRISTE, Treasurer. DR.

To amount in Treasurer's hands at last settlement		$ 6,057 37
To amount of Duplicate for 1874		47,032 28
" " Registry for 1874		741 55
" " received from Collectors for 1872 and previous years		1,804 41
To am't rec'd from Constables for 1873		983 85
" " " " 1874 on Duplicates		5,967 79
To am't rec'd from Treasurer's sale of Unseated Lands for 1872 and 1873		11,012 99
To am't rec'd from Treasurer's sale of Seated Lands for 1871 and 1872		2,215 54
To am't rec'd from Treasurer's sale of Seated Lands for 1873		160 35
To am't rec'd on Redemption of Lands		336 91
" " " from John Cox, Esq., for Thomas Patterson		75 91
To am't rec'd from John S. Rhey, in Cambria County vs. John V. Shaffer		38 17
To am't rec'd from William Stover for Taxes exonerated		72
To am't rec'd from Wm. H. Sechler, Cambria County vs. John Kinney		38 56
To am't rec'd from Wm. H. Sechler, Com'th vs. W. Shry and J. Shry		200 00
To amount of Re-audit received from John Cox, Esq		359 13
To am't rec'd from Herman Baumer, Sheriff, fees, costs and stenographer		144 50
To am't rec'd from Herman Baumer, Sheriff, fees and stenographer (civil cases)		50 00
To am't rec'd from J. K. Hite, Proth'y, costs, fines and stenographer		22 00
To am't rec'd from J. E. Scanlan, Esq., Commonwealth vs. Samuel Flick		13 77
To am't rec'd from Herman Fagan for rent of Court House		8 00
To am't rec'd from Samuel Masters, costs in criminal prosecutions		28 91
To am't rec'd from J. E. Scanlan, Esq., Cambria County vs. O'Friel		31 00
To am't rec'd from Wm. H. Sechler, Esq., Com'th vs. A. J. Christy		50 00
To am't rec'd from J. E. Scanlan, Esq., for rent of old jail		100 00
To am't rec'd from Anthony Anna, Cambria County vs. A. Anna		45 50
To am't rec'd from H. Baumer for costs and fines in District Court		362 70
To am't rec'd from H. Baumer for fines, jury fees and stenographer		166 50
To am't rec'd from J. K. Hite for costs and stenographer		5 50
To am't rec'd from I. Lilly for items sold at Poor House		846 85
		$78,449 96

CR.		
By amount paid Assessors		$ 1,087 12
" " " County Auditors		170 00
" " " State Auditors		48 00
" " " Agricultural Society		100 00
" " " for Bridges and Bridge Views		3,634 50
By amount paid for boarding prisoners		2,043 90
" " " County Commissioners		1,803 32
" " " Commissioners' Clerk		600 00
" " " Counsel		200 00
" " " Court Crier		90 75
" " " for Court House		288 00
" " " Constables		811 92
" " " Criminal Prosecutions		1,024 47
" " " County Institute		50 00
" " " costs in the case of Cambria Co. vs. Commissioners et. al.		13 84
By amount paid District Attorney		97 42
" " " for Elections		1,996 32
" " " Fox & Wildcat Scalps		299 77
" " " Freight		81 15
" " " Insurance		73 50
" " " Inquisitions		28 27
" " " Jurors, Grand		849 82
" " " Traverse		3,453 93
" " " Talesmen		3 50
" " " Jury Commissioners		113 92
" " " Jail and Jailor		2,241 64
" " " Janitor		190 00
" " " for Military purposes (old orders)		6 03
By amount paid for Miscellaneous purposes		153 01
" " " Prothonotary		525 67
" " " Poor Directors		325 33
" " " for Probates		61 30
" " " for Printing		658 75
" " " for Postage		8 86
" " " Reform School		225 55
" " " for Records for Offices		80 00
" " " for Refunding		213 25
" " " for Registry		514 60
" " " Road Views		141 10
" " " School Treasurers		1,253 86
" " " Supervisors		1,170 64
" " " for Stationery		49 51
" " " Stenographer		342 75
" " " State Tax		2,357 50
" " " State tax on Co. Bonds		77 70
" " " Tipstaves		78 00
" " " Redemption of Lands		191 44
" " " for Jail Bonds and Interest on same		2,587 00
By amount paid Western Penitentiary		386 56
" " " Poor House		8,862 98
By amount paid for District Court as follows:		
For Boarding Prisoners	$ 82 55	
" Criminal Prosecutions	2,205 68	
Constables	306 25	
Court Crier, Tipstave & Janitor	390 50	
Clerk	50 00	
For Drawing Jurors	83 83	
" Inquisitions	16 37	
" Ice	1 72	
" Grand Jurors	454 04	
" Traverse Jurors	2,653 39	
" Printing and Stationery	194 00	
" Road Views and Damages	57 00	
" Rent of Court House	502 00	7,115 23
" Exonerations on Duplicate		107 58
" Abatement to Taxpayers		11,838 86
" Am't unpaid Duplicates placed in Constables' hands for collection		10,949 04
" 53 Deeds of Land to County at $3.12		165 36
" Advertising 21 Tracts of Land not sold		10 50
" Adv'g and selling 5 Tracts of Land		4 40
" Advertising, selling and making Deeds of two Tracts of Land		5 74
" Treasurer's commission on $48,448.60 at 5 per cent		2,422 18
Balance in Treasurer's hands		14,583 71
		$78,449 96

OUTSTANDING DUE FROM COLLECTORS

for 1872 and previous years:

1869. Thos. M'Kernan, Cambria Borough	$ 29 21
1870. James Dick, Cooperscale Borough	2 15
1871. Hiram Ribiet, Franklin Borough	5 11
1872. James Coston, Adams Township	117 92
" M. E. Deitrich, Chest Township	24 69
" Sam'l Dunmire, Franklin Borough	17 64
" Isaac Horner, Richland Township	25 27
" John Rider, Summerhill Township	14 91
" S. J. Luther, Susquehanna Twp.	11* 24
" John Gwin, White Township	3 90
" Dan'l Berthold, Woodvale Borough	121 05
" James Burns, Yoder Township	15 96
	$509 75

AMOUNTS DUE FROM CONSTABLES FOR 1873:

John Cox, Cambria Borough	$ 98 57
William Lloyd, Croyle Township	13 16
Adam Pfarr, 1st Ward, Johnstown Boro'	70 48
*E. J. Litz, 6th Ward, " "	12 84
Daniel Berthold, Woodvale Borough	38 33
	$233 38

*Since paid.

AMOUNTS DUE FROM CONSTABLES FOR 1874:

| | | |
|

NIBBS' MISFORTUNES.

Mr. Nibbs had scarcely recovered from the severe bruises received in attempting to demolish an empty flour barrel, than the poor gentleman was doomed to be the recipient of a far more painful batch of contusions.

One morning at the breakfast table, Mrs. Nibbs informed Mr. Nibbs that the grape-vine was in a shocking state, and sadly needed trimming. She also requested him to perform the operation.

He refused.

After a spirited debate, during which the kitchen table was overturned, and Mr. Nibbs received a well buttered pancake square between the eyes, he finally consented.

Grasping the bread-knife, and not heeding Mrs. Nibbs, who advised him to attire himself in some cast off garments, he sallied out into the back-yard.

Grasping one of the slats, Mr. Nibbs, with boy-like agility, rapidly ascended the arbor. He had almost reached the top when an accident occurred.

One of the slats gave way, and he fell gracefully downward.

Mr. Nibbs, with great presence of mind, clutched frantically at the sky, but missed his grab, and succeeded in planting his head, up to the ears, in the grass plot. Hastily regaining his feet he gazed searchingly about in order to see if his downfall had been observed by the prying eyes of his neighbors. Yes, his misfortune had been witnessed by Mary Ann Moran, the servant girl who was employed next door.

M. A. M.'s mirth was extremely aggravating to the feelings of the unfortunate Nibbs, and he seized a large stone. Stepping back several paces, to give impetuosity to the missile, he ran with all his might and then hurled the stone at the humorous hand-maiden next door.

Mr. Nibbs' vengeance would probably have been completed but for an unexpected interruption.

In his blind rage he failed to observe that the clothes line lay stretched directly across his path. Consequently, while he was at the top of his speed, with every muscle strained to its utmost tension, the said line caught him directly under the chin. Mr. Nibbs flew violently backward and struck the wood-house with a sickening crash. The stone fell short of the mark and went wiggling through the back basement windows.

Mr. Nibbs finally recovered his breath, and gave vent to his pent emotions in a series of new and original epithets.

Nibbs is a man of great resolution, and, nothing daunted by the sad rebuffs he had experienced, he proceeded to mount the arbor again—this time with much less boyish agility, however.

He reached the top again, and began work. Everything went along swimmingly for a while, and he thought to himself what an easy task was that of a gardener. His opinion was soon altered, however.

In his ardor Mr. Nibbs stretched his body forward to its full extent. The slat creaked. Mr. Nibbs, fearing that the slat was breaking, threw himself suddenly backward. In so doing, the point of inertia was thrown without the base, and consequently, according to philosophy, Mr. Nibbs was bound to fall.

Mr. Nibbs was swooping down toward the brick walk below, like some great bird, when a large hook intercepted his flight. The said hook buried itself into the bay window of his pantaloons, but as the material was not strong enough to bear his weight, he continued his downward course, and finally landed.

Had Mr. Nibbs landed upon the brick walk, we would now be writing an obituary notice instead of a humorous article.

Mr. Nibbs' wife, with her customary thoughtlessness, had failed to replace the cover over the well-hole, and splash into the well sailed Mr. N.

The water was very deep, and unpleasantly cold, and the luckless Nibbs began treading water, and mumbling: "Now I lay me," etc., at a great rate.

Mrs. Nibbs heard the crash of the breaking slats, and reached the door just in time to see Mr. Nibbs disappear like some great bull-frog into the well. Seizing a long clothes-pole, she, after much exertion, succeeded in rescuing the ill-starred Nibbs from a watery grave.

The excitement was too much for him, and for several days he lay at the point of illness, expecting every moment to be his next.

And now if any person wants to know just how it feels to be struck with a pile-driver, just let him request Mr. Nibbs to favor him with a brief synopsis of the adventures experienced by a novice in endeavoring to perform the labors of a gardener, especially that branch which relates to the grafting and pruning of trees and vines.

MARRIAGE among the Burmese is a most peculiar institution, and the "marriage knot" is very easily undone. If two persons are tired of each other's society, they dissolve partnership in the following simple and touching, manner: They respectively light two candles, and, shutting up their hut, sit down and wait until they are burned. The one whose candle burns out first gets up at once and leaves the house for ever, taking nothing but the clothes he or she may have on at the time; all else then becomes the property of the other party.

THE Richmond *Whig* says that the following letter, written in London on August 21, 1762, to a colonist of Virginia, is still in existence: "We send you a shipment, one widow and eleven maids, for wives of the people of Virginia. There has been special care in the choice of them, for there hath not one of them been received but upon good recommendations. In case they cannot be presently married, we desire that they may be put with several householders that have wives until they can be provided with husbands."

TOM HOOD, the poet and punster, is now accused of having been a cremationist, because he said shortly before his death that he was dying out of pure charity to the undertaker, "who wished to win a lively Hood."

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

GOODS MARKED DOWN

TO MEET THE

GREAT REDUCTION IN WAGES.

LOOK AT THE PRICES:

FRENCH MERINOS,

ALL COLORS, AT FIFTY CENTS PER YARD.

FINE DRESS GOODS,

IN TEN COLORS, AT THE LOW PRICE OF

Twenty-Five Cents a Yard,

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS, AT THE POPULAR STORE OF

GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

Nos. 113 and 115 CLINTON STREET,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

ESTABLISHED TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

FRANK W. HAY

Manufacturer,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

—OF—

TIN, COPPER,

—AND—

Sheet-Iron WARES,

AND DEALER IN

HEATING PARLOR and COOKING

STOVES,

Sheet Metals,

—AND—

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS GENERALLY.

Jobbing in

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON

PROMPTLY ATENDD TO.

Nos. 278, 280 and 282 Washington St.

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.

Cooking Stoves,

Heating Stoves.

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE

Having recently taken possession of the new-lyfitted up and commodious building on High street, two doors east of the Bank and nearly opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber is better prepared than ever to manufacture all articles in the TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished to buyers at the very lowest living prices.

The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of

Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves

of the most approved designs.

☞ SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material. REPAIRING promptly attended to.

All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance and increase of patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.

VALLIE LUTRINGER.

Ebensburg, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

LOOK WELL TO YOUR UNDERSTANDINGS.

JOHN D. THOMAS,

Boot and Shoe Maker

THE undersigned respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public generally that he is prepared to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES of any desired size or quality, from the finest French calf-skin boots to the coarsest brogans, in the VERY BEST MANNER, on the shortest notice, and at as moderate prices as like work can be obtained anywhere.

Those who have worn Boots and Shoes made at my establishment need no assurance as to the superior quality of my work. Others can easily be convinced of the fact if they will only give me a trial. Try and be convinced.

☞ Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.

JOHN D THOMAS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

—TO—

CASH BUYERS

—AT THE—

Ebensburg House-Furnishing STORE

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES TO CASH BUYERS on all goods in his line, consisting of

MOWING and REAPING MACHINES

AND OTHER FARMING IMPLEMENTS;

COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES

of the most popular designs and of all styles, prices and qualities:

TINWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

of my own manufacture:

HARDWARE, ALL KIND!

such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Table Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table and Tea Spoons, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Hammers, Axes, Hatchets, Boring Machines, Augurs, Chisels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh-Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax, Bristles, Clothes Wash-ers and Wringers, Patent Churns and Patent Machines generally, Grind-Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Cast Steel Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, Horse Shoes and Nails, Old Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps, &c., &c.;

Harness and Saddlery Ware

of all kind, in great variety;

WOOD and WILLOW WARE

beyond description;

CARBON OIL and OIL LAMPS,

Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Paints, Varnishes, Turpeutine, Alcohol, &c.; Silver-Plated Ware, Glassware, &c.

Family Groceries,

such as Teas, Coffee, Sugars, Syrups Molasses, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Hominy, Fish, Crackers, Rice, Pearl Barley, &c.

Tobacco and Cigars.

Paint, Varnish, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Stove, Dusting, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed-Cords, Manilla Ropes, and many other articles, at the *lowest rates for cash.*

HOUSE SPOUTING

made, painted and put up as cheap as possible, FOR CASH. ☞ A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware by wholesale.

GEORGE HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg, July 25, 1873.-tf.

EBENSBURG

BOOK, DRUG and VARIETY STORE

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.

Cigars and Tobaccos,

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY.

July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

THE HOLIDAYS ARE OVER!

AS WE ALL KNOW, BUT THE

PRICES

At E. J. MILLS'

CHEAP CASH STORE,

Are not over, but rather under, those of any other dealer in

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Hats and Caps

Boots, Shoes, Notions,

GROCERIEES, FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, &C.

In this "Neck o' Timber."

☞ A complete and elegant assortments of new goods now in store will positively be sold at the closest margin. Country produce at the highest market prices taken in exchange for goods. Full satisfaction guaranteed to all buyers. Store on High street, near Centre street.

E. J. MILLS.

Ebensburg, Jan. 16, 1874.-tf.

LOGAN'S MARBLE WORKS!

131 Franklin Street, Johnstown.

JOHN W. LOGAN, - Proprietor.

MONUMENTS, HEAD AND TOMB STONES, COUNTER AND CABINET SLABS, AND TABLES, &c., manufactured of the very best Italian and American Marbles. Perfect satisfaction in work, design and price guaranteed.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. [Johnstown, Nov. 11, '74.-tf.]

A LIVELY CONVERSATION AT THE DOOR.

A Life Drama.

Scene, Corner of Sixth & Market Streets,

Time, One O'clock.

STRANGER—What's the price of that coat?

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—The price is on the ticket, sir, $10.50, in plain figures; same price to everybody.

✓ STRANGER—Oh, pshaw; that's what they all say. You'll take off that 50.

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—No, sir; under no circumstances. If that 50 could be scratched the price would have been marked so at first. There is no second price. The figures are down to bottom rock. Should you buy $1,000 of us, nothing could be taken off. We have ONE PRICE to everybody and all are treated alike, whether they buy a single pair of working pants or three suits.

✓ STRANGER—Isn't that pretty stiff?

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—Nothing stiff intended. Try us. See if we are not patient and obliging. Only we think it fairest for both parties to name at once the lowest price, and stick to it. Small buyers, on our rule, have as good a chance as large ones.

✓ STRANGER—Well, suppose I purchase a garment and it don't fit?

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—Bring it back.

STRANGER—Yes, and perhaps get a worse one in exchange.

✓ OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—No, sir; get no worse one—get your money back.

STRANGER—Explain that. You mean, of course, if you can't fit me.

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—No, sir; we mean that if, within ten days, you bring back the garment unworn and uninjured, your money, cent for cent will be returned to you.

✓ STRANGER—You mean simply, if I don't like the goods.

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—I mean if you don't like it, or your wife don't like it, or the weather changes, or you find goods somewhere else you like better, or you imagine you have been in any way misinformed, bring back the purchase and take back the purchase money. We give a signed guarantee to that effect.

✓ STRANGER—Why, that's a new thing. What is it like?

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—'Tis a card signed by the firm, binding us in every way. Wait a minute, and I'll show you one.

✓ [He reads over carefully the following Guarantee, which goes with every purchase at Oak Hall.]

We hereby guarantee:

1st. *That the prices of our goods shall be as low as the same quality of material and manufacture are sold anywhere in the United States.*

✓ 2d. *That the prices are precisely the same to everybody for same quality, on same day of purchase.*

3d. *That the quality of goods is as represented on printed labels.*

4th. *That the full amount of cash paid will be refunded, if customers find the articles unsatisfactory, and return them unworn and uninjured within 10 days from date of purchase.*

[*Signed,*] *WANAMAKER & BROWN.*

✓ STRANGER—What is that remark about the quality of goods?

OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—It means that the ACTUAL NAME and grade of the goods are printed on the price label attached to every garment in Oak Hall, and that no misrepresentation can be made.

✓ STRANGER—Ah, this looks lovely, to be sure, if you only mean to stand up to it.

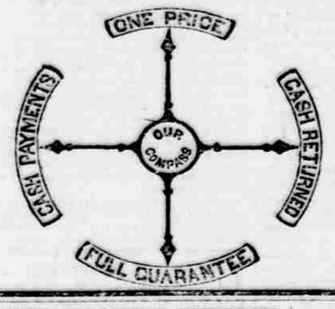
OAK HALL DOORKEEPER—We do, and shall stand firmly by these principles as our only rules of business. The people who don't believe it can prove us very easily if they choose.

✓ STRANGER—Well, I'll try you once at any rate.

We think this was a sensible conclusion. Let the people inform themselves of what we are doing at OAK HALL to make excellent Clothing and Cheapen the Prices under our New Order of Business.

✓ Our store is fuller than ever of Men's and Boys' Best Made Handsome Clothing, which, under our Ready-Money paid down One-Price Guarantee System, fixes our prices lower than the wholesale stores. This is a good time to visit the city, and the cost of the fare can be saved in getting Clothing at the Low Prices we are now selling our goods.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,



OAK HALL,

The Largest Clothing House in America,

S. E. cor. of 6th & Market Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

JOHNSTOWN FURNITURE EMPORIUM.

WM. P. PATTON,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

—ALL KINDS OF—

CABINET FURNITURE

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Bureaus,	Cane Chairs,
Bedsteads,	Wood Seat Chairs,
Washstands,	Kitchen Furniture,
Sideboards,	Bed Lounges,
Chamber Sets,	Mattresses,
Parlor Sets,	Tete-a-Tetes,
Wardrobes,	Extension Tables,
Book Cases,	Dining Tables,
Lounges,	Cupboards.

&c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

SCHOOL AND HALL FURNITURE

made to order in excellent style and at low prices. Cabinet and hairmakers' materials of all kinds for sale. Furniture delivered at any point in Johnstown or at Railroad Station free of extra charge. WM. P. PATTON.

Johnstown, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

CRAWFORD HOUSE,

EBENSBURG, PA.

John Fitzharris, - Proprietor.

HAVING leased and refurnished the above well known and popular hotel, the proprietor is now amply prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. The best that the market affords will be served at the Table at all seasons, the Bar will be kept constantly supplied with the choicest liquors, and the commodious Stable will be under the charge of a careful and attentive hostler. No effort will be spared to render guests comfortable and well pleased in every particular, and by proper attention to business and a moderate scale of prices the proprietor hopes to win his way to public favor. (May 2, 1873.-tf.]

Eagle PLANING MILL.

M. SIMON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Flooring, Weather-Boarding, Shutters

SASH-DOORS, BRACKETS AND MOULDINGS,

LUMBER of EVERY DESCRIPTION,

SHINGLES and POSTS—Cedar and Locust.

☞ Scroll-Sawing and Re-sawing done to order.

CORNER ROBINSON AND ANDERSON STS.,

[9-18.) ALLEGHENY CITY, PA. [3m.]

Parke's Marble Works,

133 Franklin Street, Johnstown.

MONUMENTS, HEAD AND TOMB STONES, COUNTER AND CABINET SLABS, MANTELS, &c., manufactured of the very best Italian and American Marbles. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in price, design and execution of work.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the very lowest cash rates. Try us.

Oct. 24, m.* JOHN PARKE.

COLLINS, JOHNSTON & CO.,

BANKERS,

Ebensburg, Pa.

WILL receive money on deposit, discount and collect notes, and attend to all the business usually done by Bankers.

Sept.20.tf. JAS. B. ZAHM, Cashier.

MILLINERY & DRESS MAKING.

—The attention of the Ladies of Ebensburg and vicinity is directed to the fact that MRS. R. E. JONES has just received an invoice of new and fashionable Millinery Goods, at her rooms in the East Ward, Ebensburg. Wedding Bonnets, Hats, etc., a specialty. Dressmaking promptly and neatly done. The patronage of the ladies is respectfully solicited. [6-1.'71.]

COAL! COAL!!—The subscriber is prepared to furnish, in large or small quantities, all qualities of ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS COAL, at lowest market rates. Coal delivered promptly and free of charge for hauling at any point in Ebensburg or vicinity. Orders left at the ZAHM STORE will receive early attention. DANIEL H. ZAHM.

Ebensburg, Sept. , 1873.-tf.

E. H. PLANK, M. D., respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office adjoining residence and immediately in the rear of Hon. R. J. Lloyd's drug store. Night calls can be made at the residence of Mrs. Bunn, on Crawford street, Ebensburg. [4-24.-tf.]

LLOYD & CO., BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made at all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.

WM. M. LLOYD & CO.,

BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Monies received on deposit, payable on demand without interest, or on time with interest at fair rates.

M. J. BUCK, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Office in rear of John Buck's store. Night calls may be made at the residence of JOHN BUCK, Esq. [April 4, 1873.-tf.]

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office on High street, nearly opposite Blair's Hotel. Residence in Town Hall, Julian street, where night calls should be made [4-4.-tf.]

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in front room of T. J. Lloyd's new building, Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily, and collections a specialty. [10-14.tf.]

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, *Attorney-at-Law*, Johnstown, Pa. Office in the old Exchange building, (up stairs,) corner of Clinton and Locust streets. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

GEO M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street three doors from High street. [aug.27, '72.]

W. D. M'CLELLAND.....JOHN HANNAN.

M'CLELLAND & CO.,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Fancy and Plain

FURNITURE!

AND CHAIRS.

We keep constantly on hand in great variety a full line of elegant

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,

INSTYLES AND AT PRICES TO SUIT ALL CUSTOMERS

Having the most skillful workmen in the city, we are prepared to fill all orders for

OFFICE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!

IN PIECES OR SUITS,

At PRICES Below

Either Eastern or Western Manufacturers,

Wareroom, No. 81 FRANKLIN Street,

NEARLY OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done.

☞ All Furniture sent for and delivered in the city free of charge. [3-13,'74.-tf.]

Andrew Moses,

TAILOR AND DRAPER,

CLINTON STREET,

JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Ebensburg

WOOLEN FACTORY!

HAVING introduced new machinery into our Woolen Factory, we are now prepared to manufacture on short notice, CLOTHS, CASSINETS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS of all styles STOCKING YARNS, &c., &c.

☞ Wool taken in exchange for goods or worked on shares. Market price paid for wool.

T. M. JONES & SONS.

Ebensburg, Feb. 24, 1872.-tf.

TAKING THE EDGE OFF.

Saturday noon a sort of a slouchy-looking, hungry-eyed, cadaverous fellow stepped into a restaurant on Fourth street and said he wanted a cup of coffee and a piece of bread and butter. The waiter told him that the place sold nothing short of a complete dinner, and the price was fifty cents. Said the stranger, "Well, you see, I ain't real hungry, and I only want a little coffee and a bit of bread."

Waiter—It makes no difference; we sell a whole dinner for fifty cents, and nothing else.

Stranger—You give a hull dinner for fifty cents?

Waiter—Yes, a whole dinner; roast meat, potatoes, succotash, bread, butter, pie, pudding, coffee and tea.

Stranger—Well, I s'pose you give a man all he wants to eat?

Waiter—Oh, yes; we fill you up for fifty cents, and give you a solid, good, plain meal.

Stranger—Well, I've half a mind to eat with ye. The fact is the ole' womin give me a half a loaf of bread and a piece of cold corn beef for a bite, and I eat that up at Carpenter's jes now with a glass of beer. I thought I'd like a good cup of coffee and a little bread and butter to kind o' wash the thing down but ye say ye can't gin'e that?

Waiter—No, sir. We'll give you, as I've said, a solid, square meal for fifty cents. You can eat as little or as much as you please.

The stranger's eyes opened and looked thoughtful for a moment, and then, striking his fist on the table, he exclaimed, "By gum! I b'leeve I'll take it. I ain't right real hungry, but bring on yer roas' beef and taters, suckithash, tea, coffee, bread, pie and puddin'! Bring 'em on. By gum, I'm in for a square meal, and my fifty cents' worth!" The waiter hurried to respond, and the way that stranger's knife and fork played between his mouth and the plates was a caution to greased lightning. It beat half dozen pair of castinets, and sounded more like one of Billy McAlister's bone solos than anything else we ever heard. The waiter stood aghast, and when he turned up with the third plate of roast beef the proprietor, pale as marble, from a Vermont quarry, called him, aside behind the bar.

"For God's sake, who is that fellow?" said he; "he eats victuals as fast as a threshing-machine swallows straw." The stranger's plates were beginning to show bottom again, and his eyes were running up and down the room for the waiter. He did not stop in his eating, but simply turned his back and let fly against the wall with his heels.

"Gi' me s'more roast beef and tater's," he shouted.

The landlord raised his hands in horror.

"Great heaven, James, "he'll clean us out," said he, as the waiter sprang for the kitchen.

"Ain't ye got mor'n wun kind of pie?" inquired the stranger.

"Oh, yes," said the waiter.

"Well, then, bring it on, and giv's sum o' that pud'n, too. Jemimy, 'f I was only hungry, how I'd clean ye out! Bring me two cups of coffee and a cup of tea, too. I ain't only jis beginning to eat."

The landlord listened with dismay, and stopping the waiter, as he entered the kitchen for the fifteenth time, walked solemnly up to the stranger, and said:

"See here, we ain't got enough in the house to feed you. Just go on 'now, I will call it all square. You needn't pay a cent for what you've had.

The stranger became indignant, and declined, saying that his appetite was just coming, and winding up with a very, very emphatic:

"Hanged if I will."

A bright thought struck the landlord, as he walked off in mental agony. Hastening to the bar, he jerked open the till, pulled out a half dollar, and, rushing up to the stranger, placed it in his hand.

"Here, here," said he, "take this and go right up to the Holly Tree Inn, and clean 'em out. Go on. They'll feed you till you bust for fifty cents."

"Well," said the stranger, as he gradually arose and stretched himself, at the same time putting the scrip into his vest pocket, "I don't mind of I do take it. I ain't very hungry anyhow. I only wanted a cup of coffee and a piece of bread and butter, when I come in, but I'm jis as well as satisfied. I guess I'll buy the old mare some oats; wait until I get hum to finish up," and he left.

A TELEGRAPHIC FEAT.

The Troy *Whig* relates the following: "We have heard much of the wonders of cable telegraphy in outrunning time and annihilating space, but an anecdote, related to us last evening by Mr. W. P. Phillips, Assistant Agent of the State Associated Press at New York, who is on a visit to this city, surpasses anything we have ever heard. A gentleman of the Western Union Telegraph Office, at No. 145 Broadway, New York, was sitting in the cable room when a telegram from Philadelphia, destined for Paris, came over the wires. This message, like all others destined for France, was to go over the cable *via* Duxbury, Mass. The operator called Duxbury a few times, and then said: 'That fellow is asleep evidently; but the cable men are always awake. I'll have to get one of them to go in and wake him up.' So he stepped to another desk, called Plaister Cove, in Newfoundland, and sent the following message: 'To Cable Operator: Duxbury; Please go in and wake up my own true love.' The message Plaister Cove hastened to send across the ocean to Valencia, Ireland, who in turn 'rushed' it to London, thence it was hurried to Paris, and still onward to the European end of the cable at St. Pierre; the operator there flashing it back to Duxbury. In less than two minutes by the clock the message had accomplished its journey of some 8,000 miles by land and sea, as was evidenced by the clicking of the instrument on the Duxbury desk, which ticked out in a manner a little more petulant: 'That is a nice way to do; go ahead. Your own true love.'"